Social Science Meets Literature: Using Sawako Ariyoshi’s The Twilight Years in
Sociology and Psychology Courses

## Some Statistics: Aging in Japan

$>$ From 1990 to 2000, the population of people aged over 65 rose $20.5 \%$ to 22.01 million, or $17.3 \%$ of the total population, whereas the population of children under 15 totaled 18.47 million. This is the first time the over-65 population has eclipsed the under-15 population in Japan. ("Japan’s Population at 126.92 Million in 2000: Census, People’s Daily Online (http://english.people.com.cn/english/200110/31/eng20011031_83560.html)
$>$ The older population is growing with the life span - the average Japanese man can expect to live 77 years, the average woman, 84 . This increase in the life span creates greater needs for medical care, assisted housing, and other support services, as well as larger nest eggs to help pay for these services. Japan is graying faster than any other industrialized country. In 2006, people 65 and older are expected to account for 17.2 percent of Japan's population of 126.9 million. By 2020, they will account for 26.9 percent of a population that will have shrunk to 124 million. ("Population Implosion, Graying of the Population, Population Reduction, and Negative Population Growth" (http://www.overpopulation.org/older.html))

Table 1: Primary Care Taker for the Elderly in Japan

| Total | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Spouse | 36.9 |
| Child | 26.9 |
| (Male child) | $\mathbf{( 6 . 6 )}$ |
| (Female child) | $\mathbf{( 2 0 . 3 )}$ |
| Child's spouse | 23.6 |
| (Male) | $\mathbf{( 0 . 6 )}$ |
| (Female) | $\mathbf{( 2 2 . 9 )}$ |
| Other | 3.4 |
| Family not living together | 2.4 |
| Helper | 3.0 |
| Housekeeper | 0.6 |
| No care taker | 3.2 |

From "Survey on home-visit nursing care," Ministry of Health and Welfare, 1995.

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Table 2: The Elderly Population in Japan by Sex and Sex Ratio (2003)

|  |  | Total <br> population | Elderly population (65 <br> years and over) | $65-74$ <br> years |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 75 years <br> and over |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number <br> (ten thousands) | Total | 12,769 | 2,431 | 1,378 | 1,053 |
|  | Male | 6,234 | 1,026 | 641 | 384 |
|  | Female | 6,534 | 1,405 | 736 | 669 |
| Percent of the total <br> population | Total | 100.0 | 19.0 | 10.8 | 8.2 |
|  | Male | 100.0 | 16.5 | 10.3 | 6.2 |
| Sex ratio (males per 100 <br> females) | Female | 100.0 | 21.5 | 11.3 | 10.2 |

Source: Statistics Bureau "Population Estimates." (http://www.jarc.net/aging/03oct/index.shtml)

Table 3: Proportions of the Elderly Population in Japan

|  | Proportions of the Elderly Population: 1920-2003 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total population (ten thousands) | Percent of the elderly |  |  |
|  |  | 65 years and over | 65-74 years | 75 years and over |
| 1920 | 5,596 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 1.3 |
| 1930 | 6,445 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 1.4 |
| 1940 * | 7,193 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 1.3 |
| 1950 | 8,320 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 1.3 |
| 1960 | 9,342 | 5.7 | 4.0 | 1.7 |
| 1970 | 10,372 | 7.1 | 4.9 | 2.1 |
| 1980 | 11,706 | 9.1 | 6.0 | 3.1 |
| 1990 | 12,361 | 12.1 | 7.2 | 4.8 |
| 2000 | 12,693 | 17.4 | 10.3 | 7.1 |
| 2003 | 12,769 | 19.0 | 10.8 | 8.2 |

Source: Statistics Bureau (http://www.jarc.net/aging/03oct/index.shtml)

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Table 4: Life Expectancies in Japan: 1960-2002

|  | Average life expectancies (years) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Sex difference |
| 1960 | 65.32 | 70.19 | 4.87 |
| 1970 | 69.31 | 74.66 | 5.35 |
| 1980 | 73.35 | 78.76 | 5.41 |
| 1990 | 75.92 | 81.90 | 5.98 |
| 2000 | 77.72 | 84.60 | 6.88 |
| 2001 | 78.07 | 84.93 | 6.86 |
| 2002 | 78.32 | 85.23 | 6.91 |

