Women's Voices in Pre-modern East Asian Literature

"When I Hired a Teacher to Instruct the Girls, Someone Ridiculed Me, So as a Joke I have Written This Retort to Explain Matters." Translated by Maureen Robertson.

From: Kang-I Sun Chang and Haun Stussy (Eds.)

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Since first the Primal Forces were discrete

and human relations, engendered thus, complete,

Men must be the arbiters of Right

and in the home all virtuous women Chaste.

But if we fail to practice poetry and prose,

how shall we display our natural gifts?

An elder woman scolded me for this:

"You don't pursue the true and wifely way,

Engaging teachers to instruct the girls

as if they sought to win the world's regard.

They put aside our normal women's work

and waste their efforts to recite and learn."

I listened well to what she said

but it left me unimpressed.

In human society sexes segregate

and yet preserving chastity is hard;

How can we in women's quarters

fail to take the ancients as our teachers?

Yi Jiang and Da Si, royal women of Zhou,

both were praised for their solid virtue.

Ban Zhao wrote Instructions for Women

that we might know the code of proper conduct.

I am ashamed of my own stupidity,

unable to correct my faults,

Yet I pity those today who cultivate

appearances—they are only pretty dresses.

Not treating moral training seriously

will visit shame upon the family name.

Bring girls together, let them study,

debate the issues, inquire into fine points.

The Four Virtues, the Three Obediences—

make the ancient ways their standard.

Prune their character, refine and beautify;

make their persons fine and good.

Who expects them to be famous?

Seek only that the bad will be restrained.

Do this, then test them, and if something is amiss,

take your complaint to the worthy men of old.