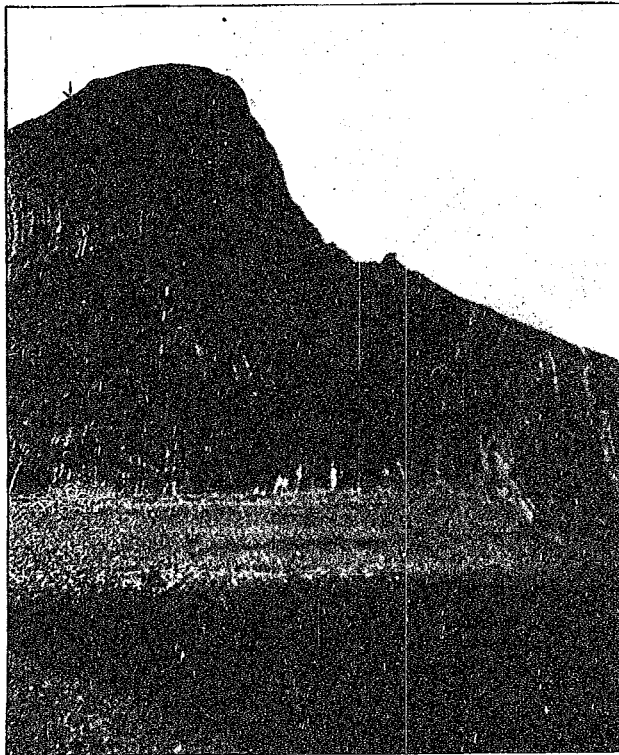


Mt Joli massive. The erect strata of gray thin limestones and calcareous shales which constitute the low headland at Mt Joli begin not at the scarp itself, but at low water may be seen extending well out from the shore. Along the North beach these outlying strata form little reefs, but the intervals between them and the wall of the promontory is concealed by the beach. Taking the Mt Joli massive



East face of Mt Joli

as a whole, it has an approximate length along the sea front of 700 feet, the highest point being at the north, the upper slope declining southerly, ending rather abruptly, and the rock mass being separated from that of Cap Canon by an unexposed and probably entirely interrupted area of about 350 feet. There is little change in the lithologic composition of the strata composing Mt Joli, but there is definite evidence of displacement in the mass itself. For the greater