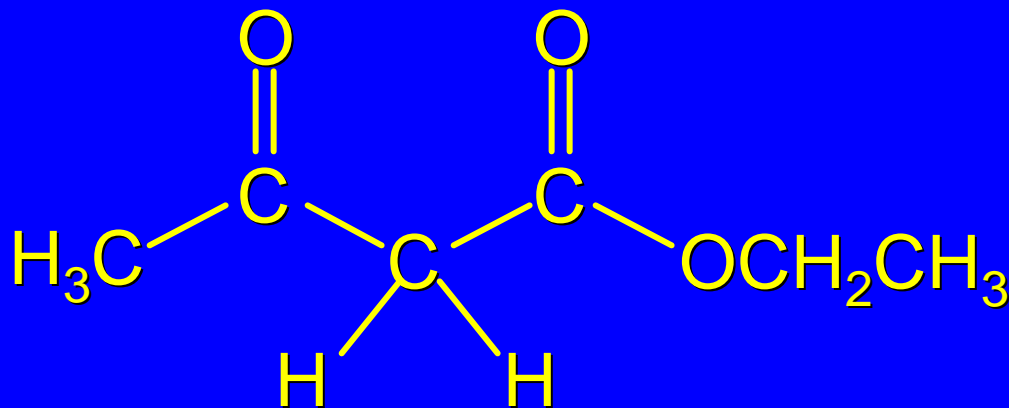


21.6

The Acetoacetic Ester Synthesis

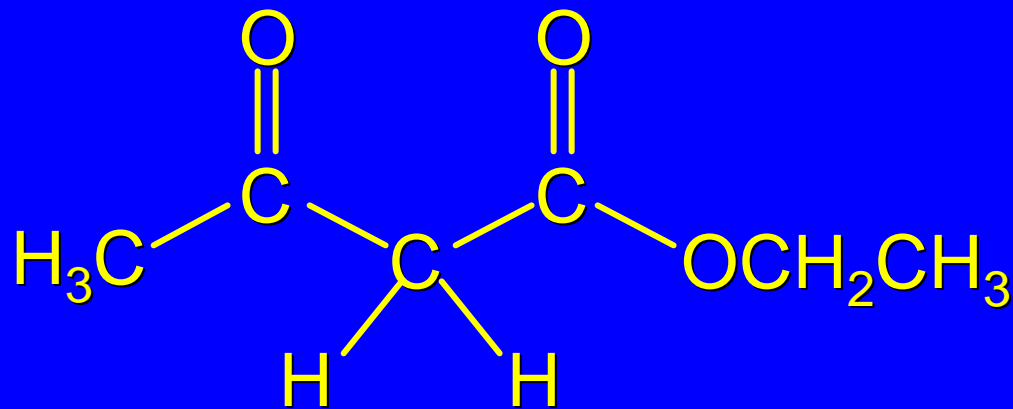
Acetoacetic Ester



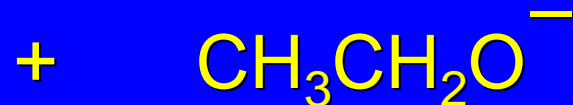
Acetoacetic ester is another name for *ethyl acetoacetate*.

The "acetoacetic ester synthesis" uses acetoacetic ester as a reactant for the preparation of ketones.

Deprotonation of Ethyl Acetoacetate

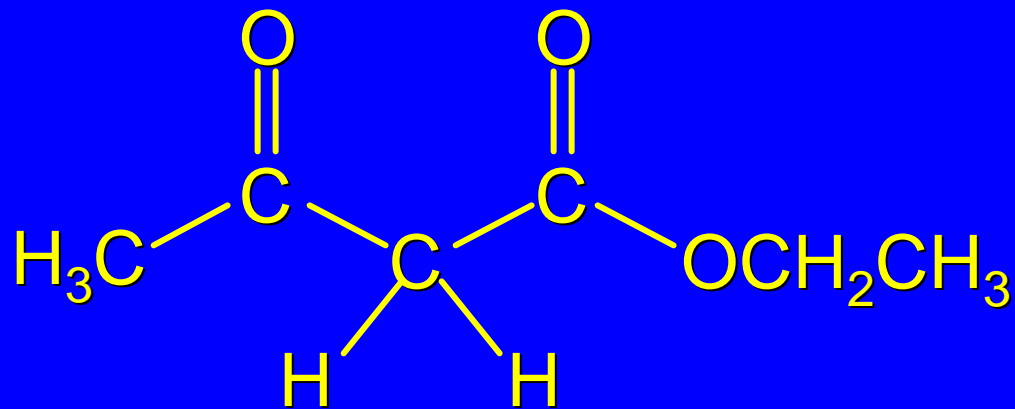


$pK_a \sim 11$

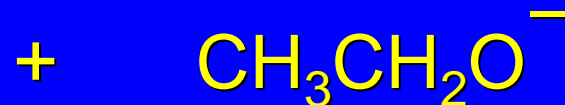


Ethyl acetoacetate can be converted readily to its anion with bases such as sodium ethoxide.

Deprotonation of Ethyl Acetoacetate

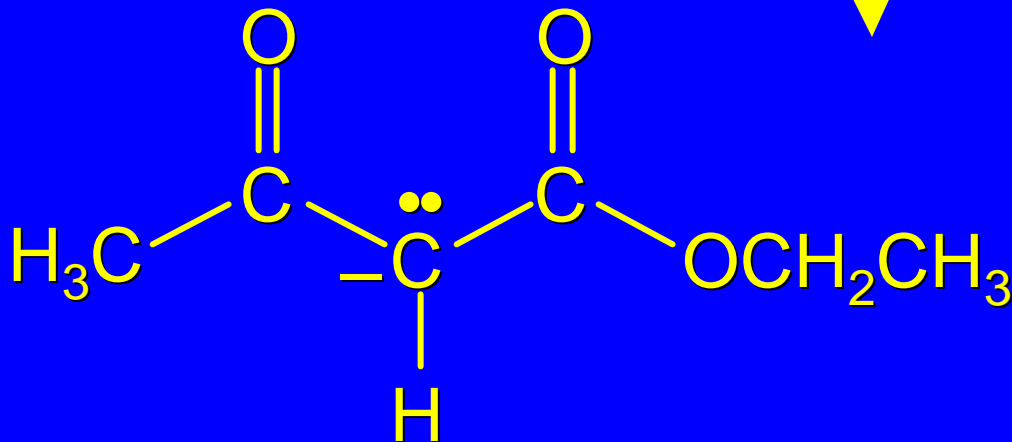


$\text{p}K_a \sim 11$



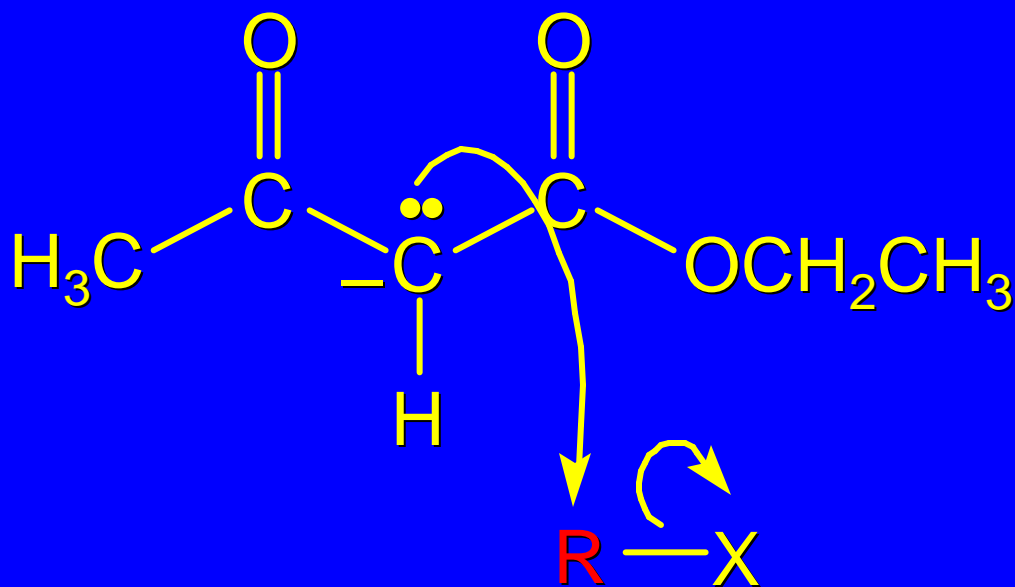
Ethyl acetoacetate can be converted readily to its anion with bases such as sodium ethoxide.

$K \sim 10^5$



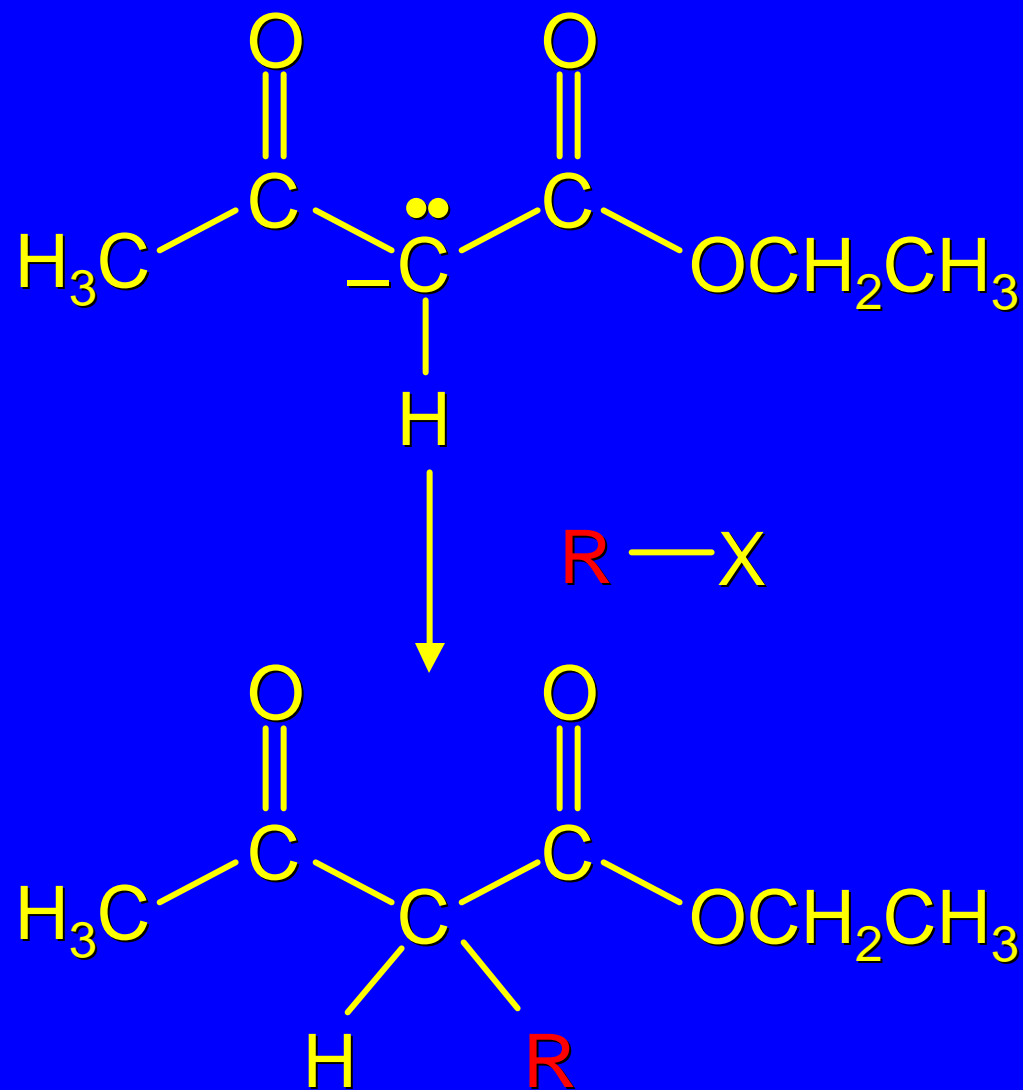
$\text{p}K_a \sim 16$

Alkylation of Ethyl Acetoacetate



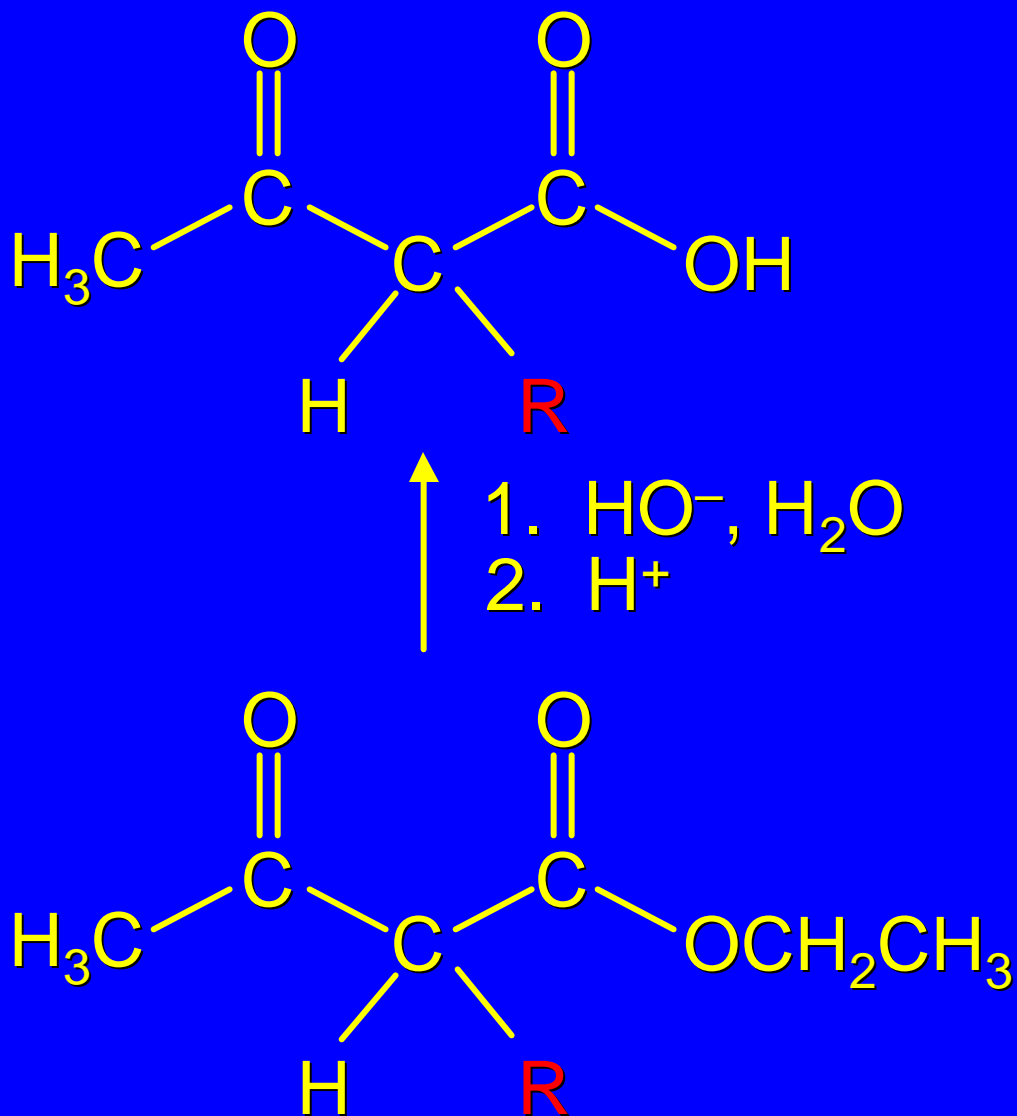
The anion of ethyl acetoacetate can be alkylated using an alkyl halide ($\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$: primary and secondary alkyl halides work best; tertiary alkyl halides undergo elimination).

Alkylation of Ethyl Acetoacetate



The anion of ethyl acetoacetate can be alkylated using an alkyl halide (S_N2: primary and secondary alkyl halides work best; tertiary alkyl halides undergo elimination).

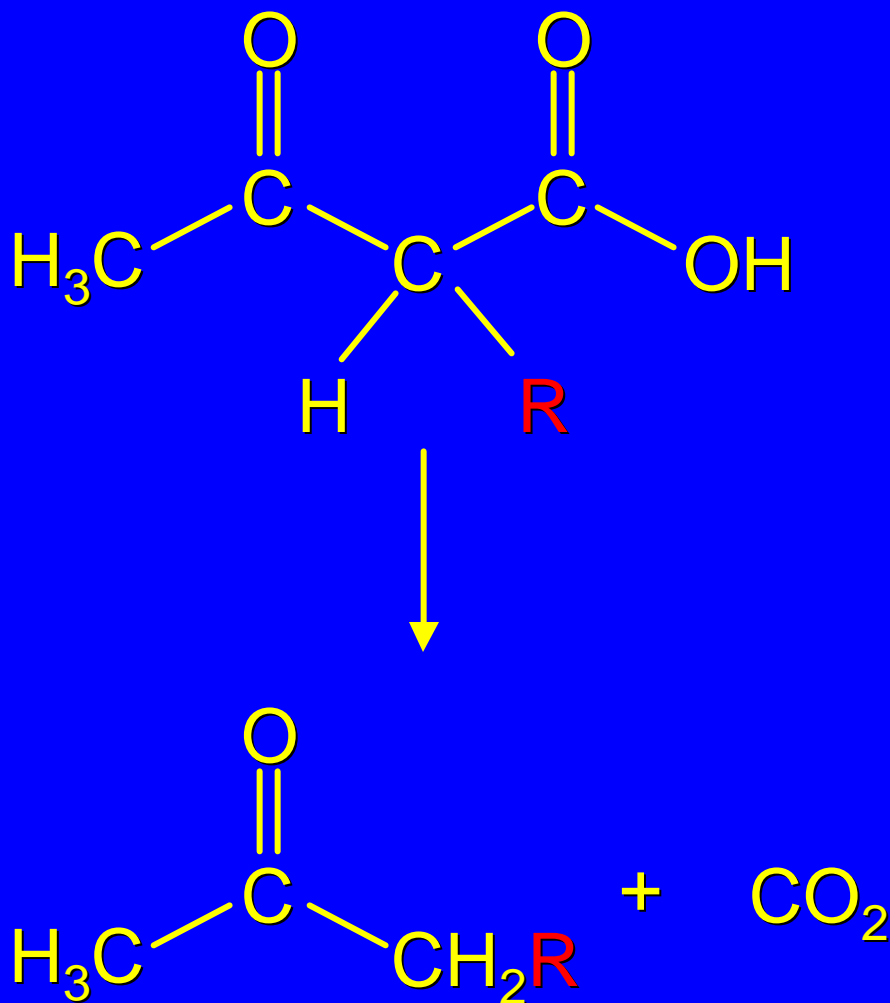
Conversion to Ketone



Saponification and acidification convert the alkylated derivative to the corresponding β -keto acid.

The β -keto acid then undergoes decarboxylation to form a ketone.

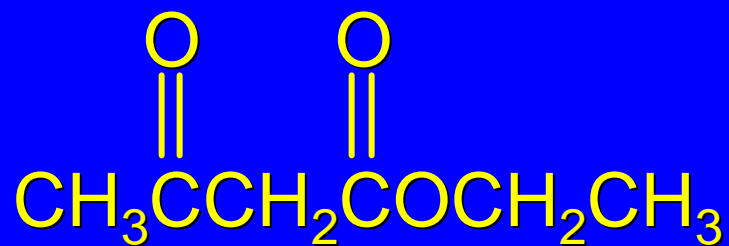
Conversion to Ketone



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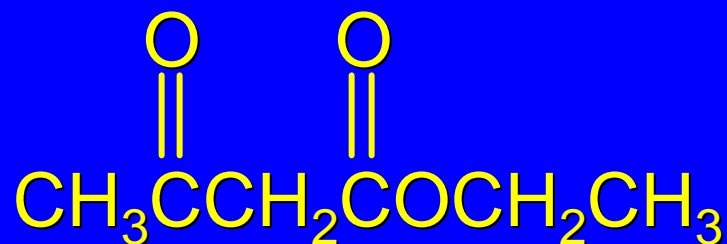
Example



1. $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$

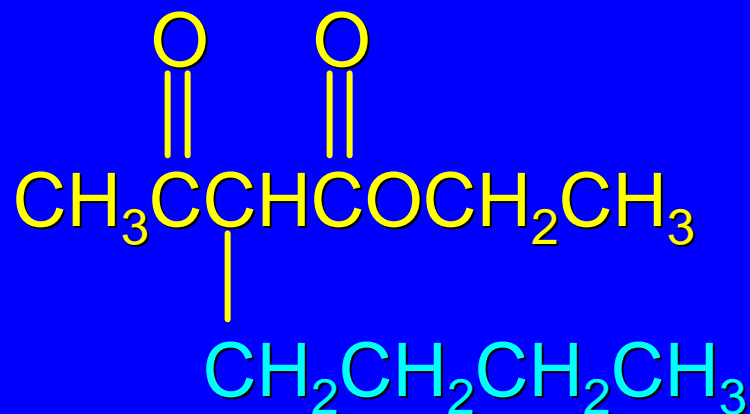
2. $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$

Example



1. $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$

2. $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$

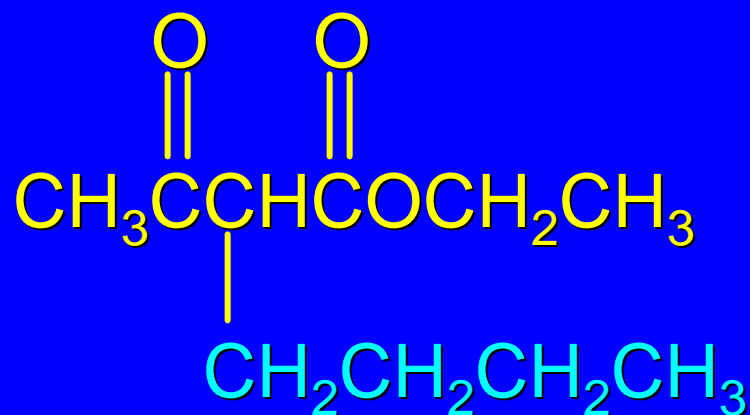


(70%)

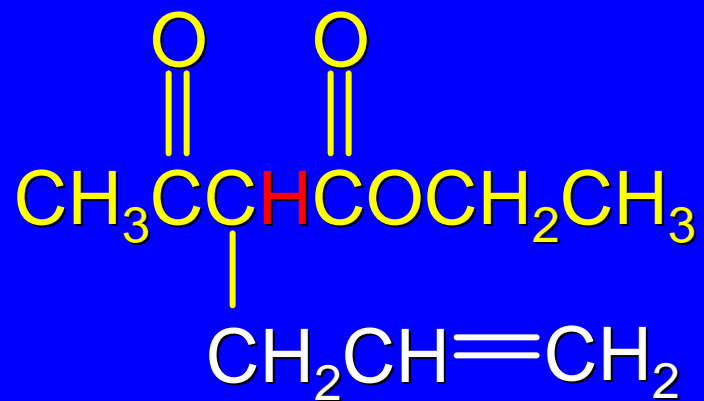
Example



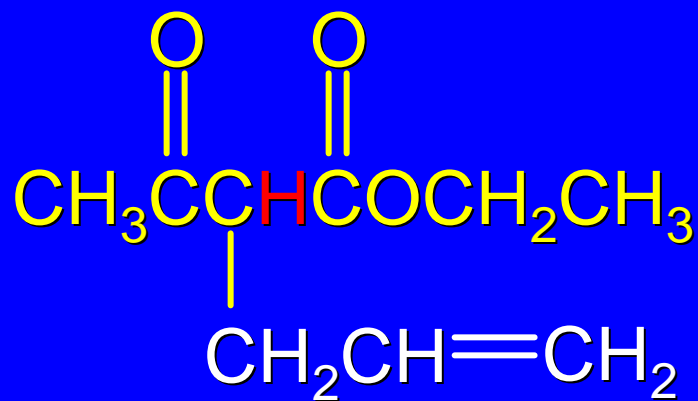
- ↑
1. NaOH, H₂O
 2. H⁺
 3. heat, -CO₂



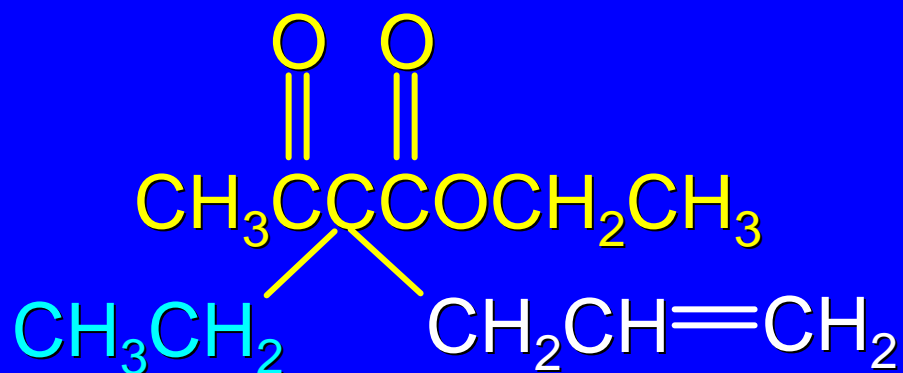
*Example:
Dialkylation*



*Example:
Dialkylation*

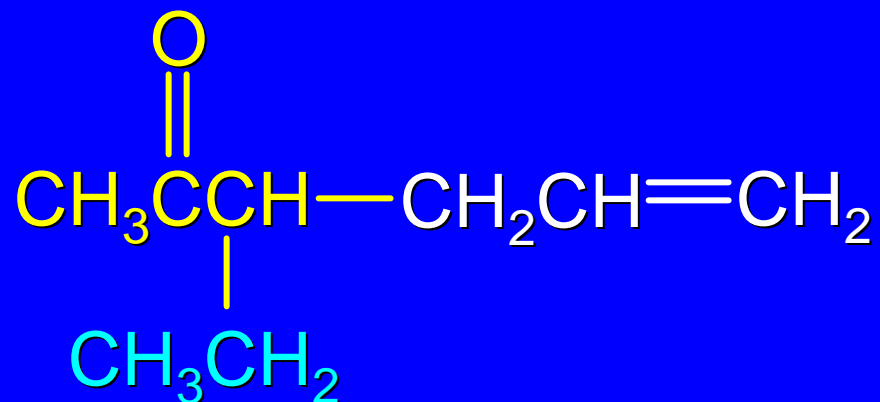


1. $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$
2. $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{I}$

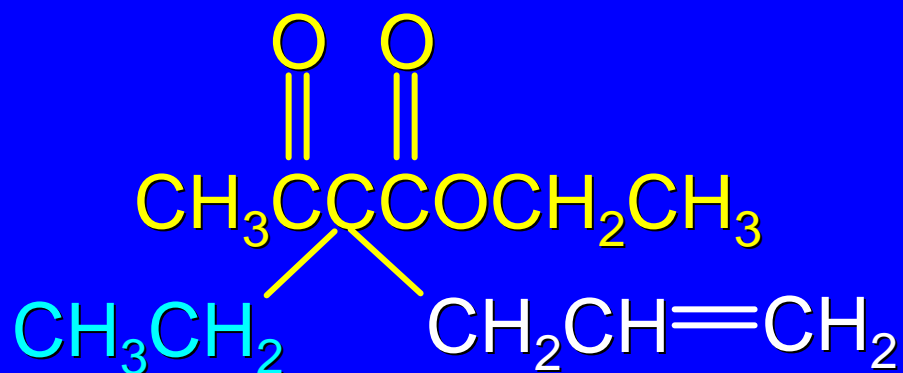


(75%)

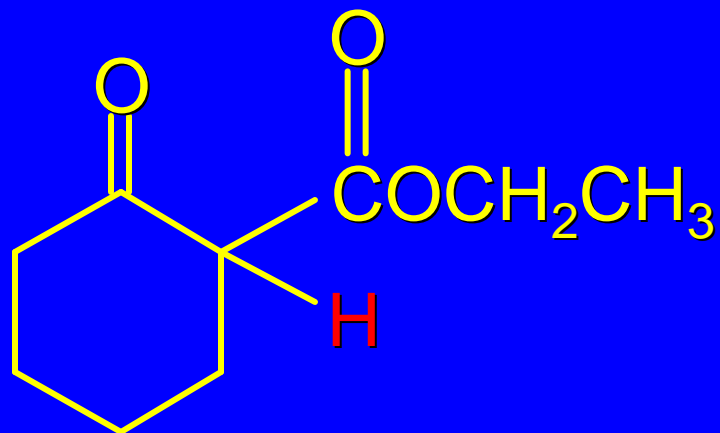
*Example:
Dialkylation*



- ↑
1. NaOH, H₂O
 2. H⁺
 3. heat, -CO₂

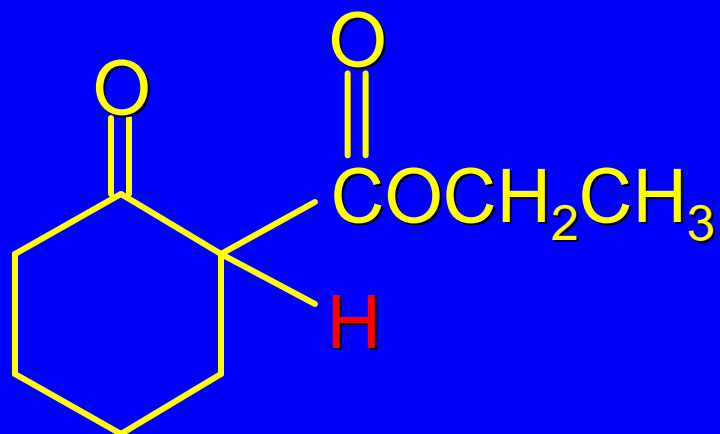


*Another
Example*

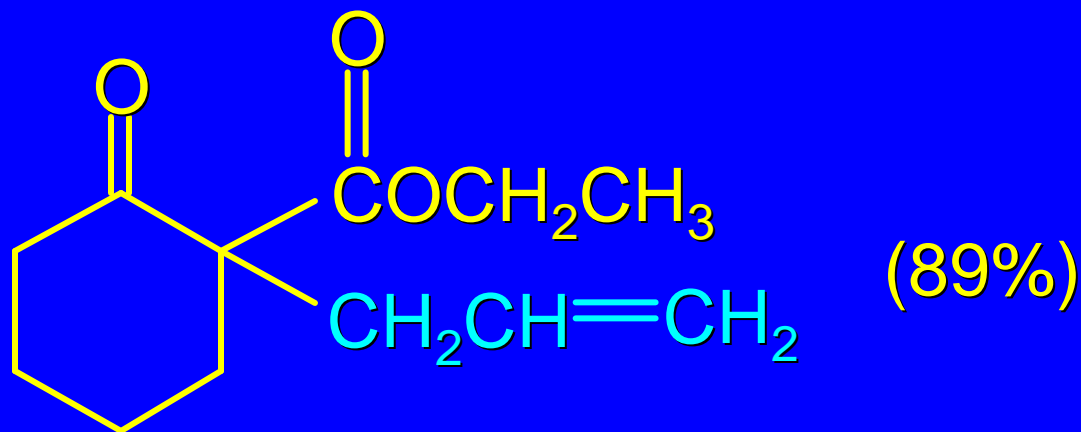


β -Keto esters other than ethyl acetoacetate may be used.

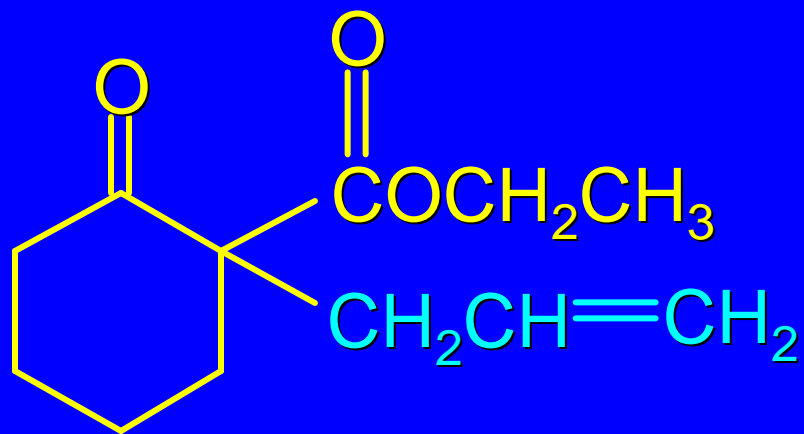
*Another
Example*



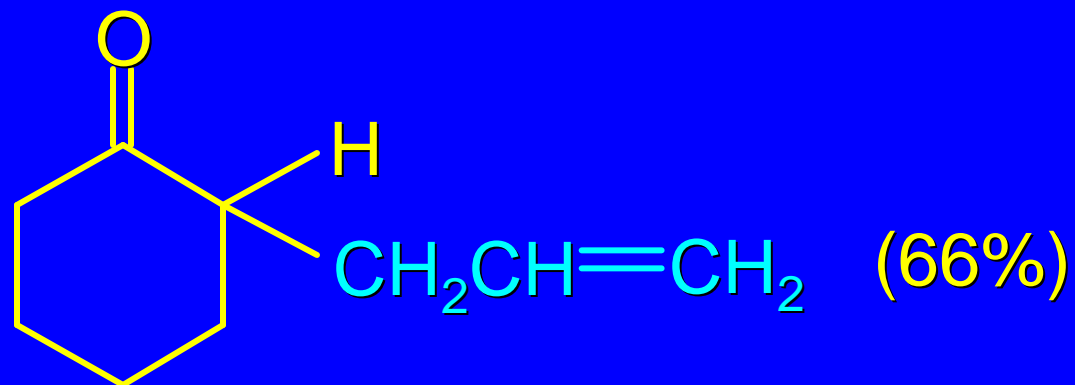
1. $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$
2. $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{CHCH}_2\text{Br}$



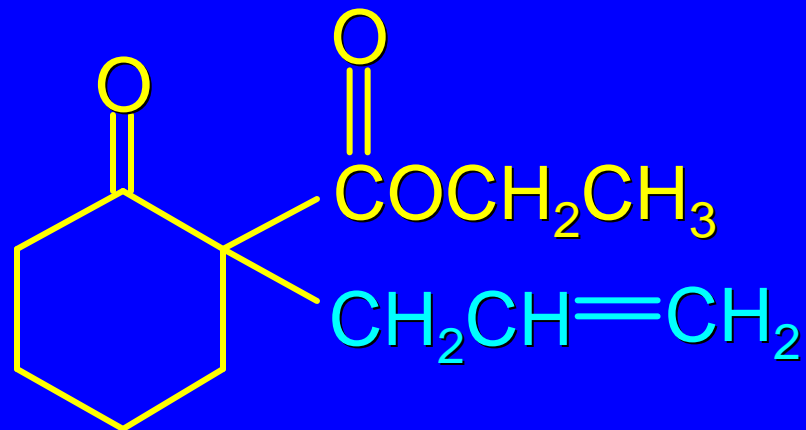
*Another
Example*



*Another
Example*



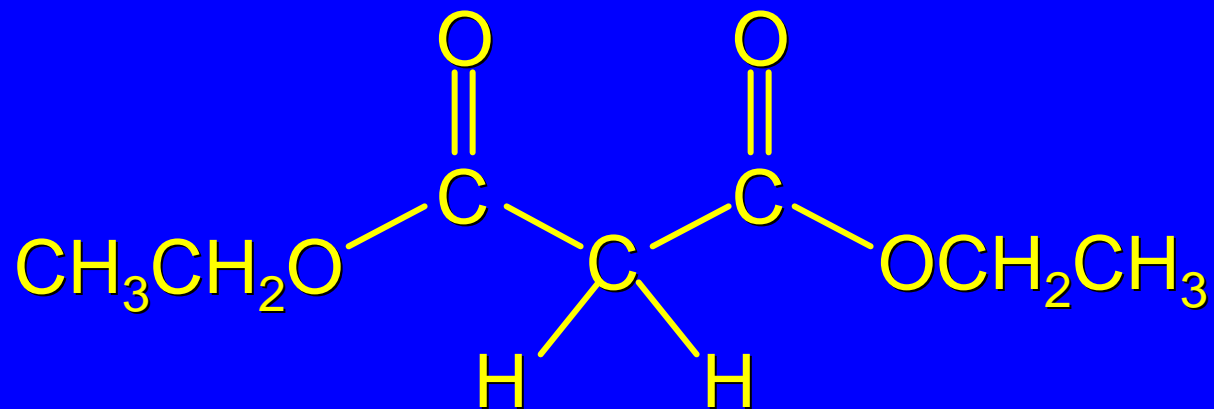
1. NaOH, H₂O
2. H⁺
3. heat, -CO₂



21.7

The Malonic Ester Synthesis

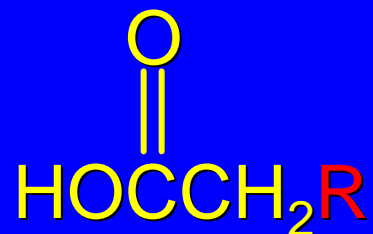
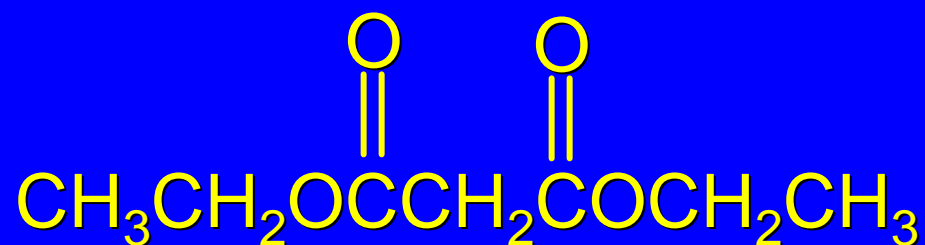
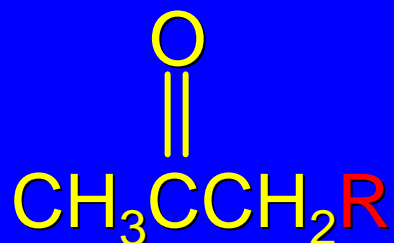
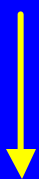
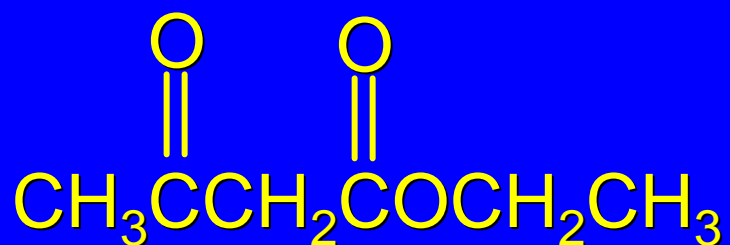
Malonic Ester



Malonic ester is another name for *diethyl malonate*.

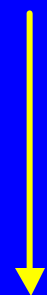
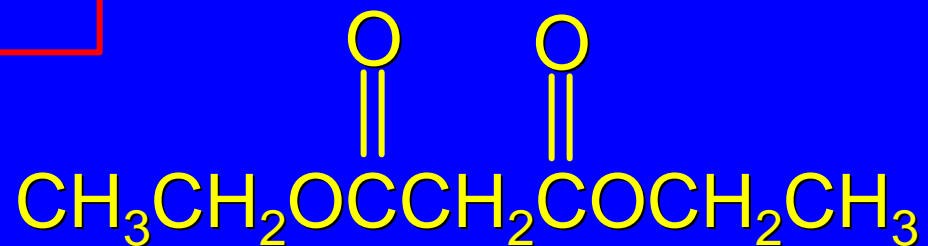
The "malonic ester synthesis" uses diethyl malonate as a reactant for the preparation of carboxylic acids.

An Analogy



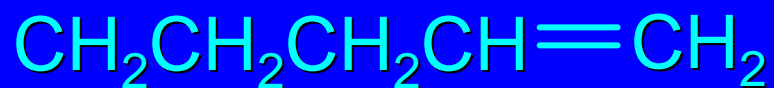
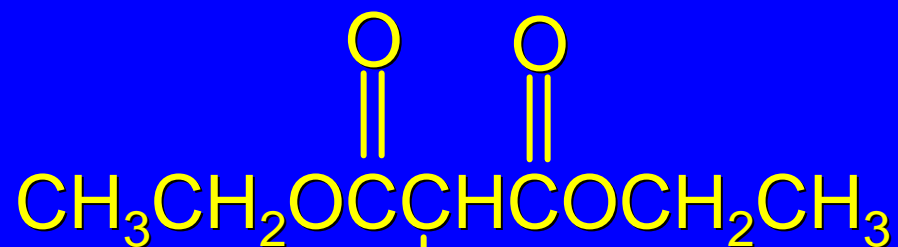
The same procedure by which ethyl acetoacetate is used to prepare ketones converts diethyl malonate to carboxylic acids.

Example



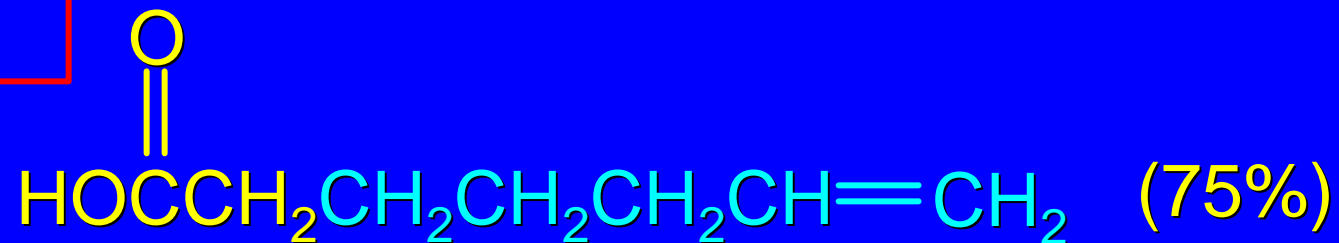
1. $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$

2. $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$

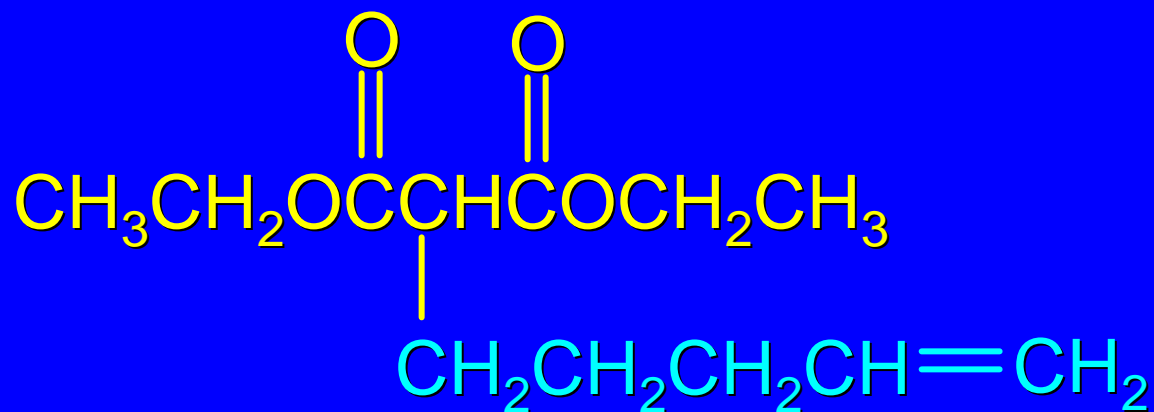


(85%)

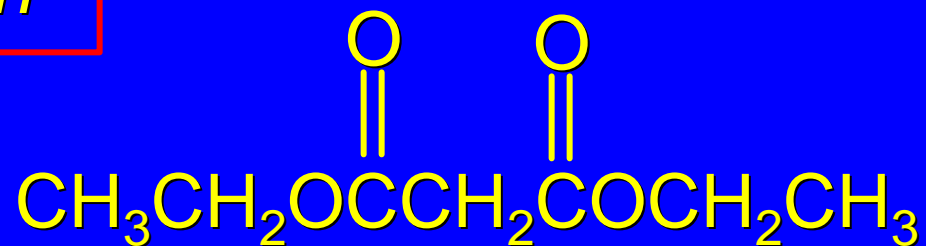
Example



- ↑
1. NaOH, H₂O
 2. H⁺
 3. heat, -CO₂

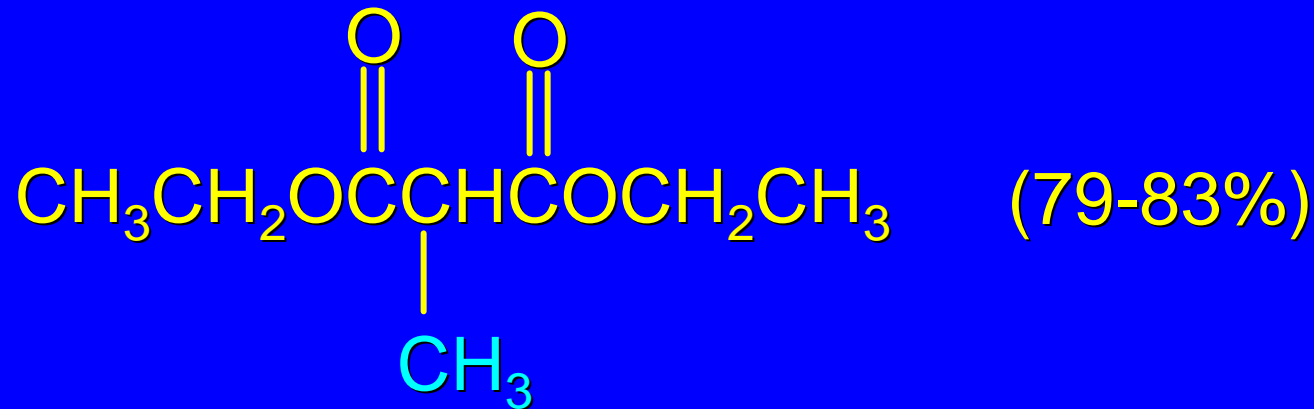


Dialkylation

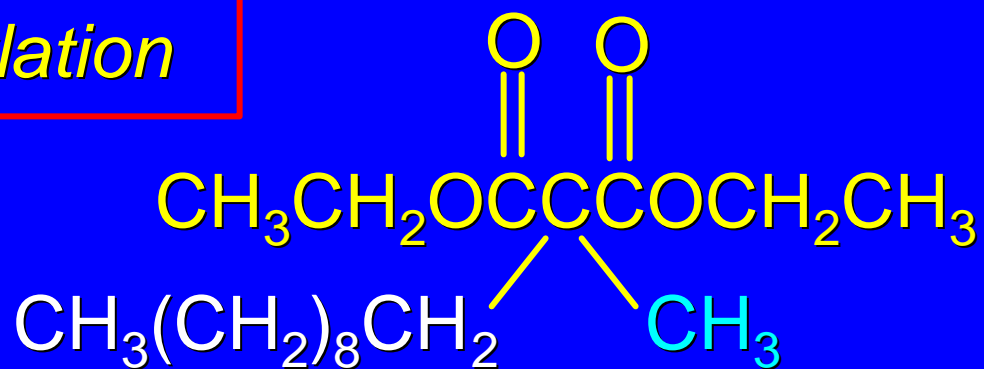


1. $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$

2. CH_3Br

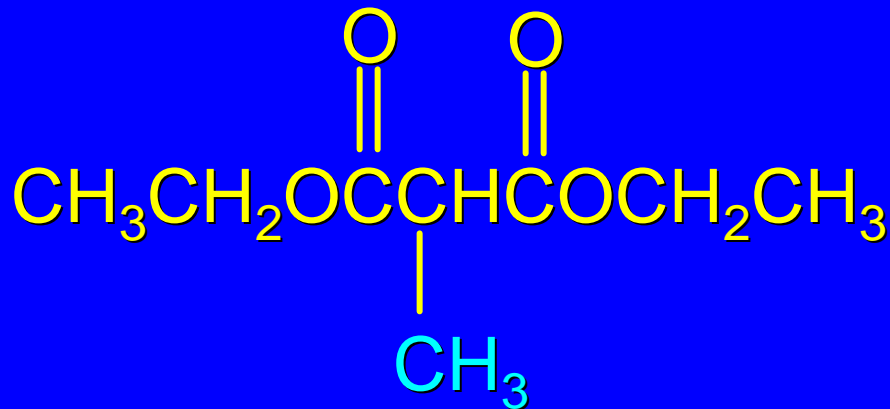


Dialkylation

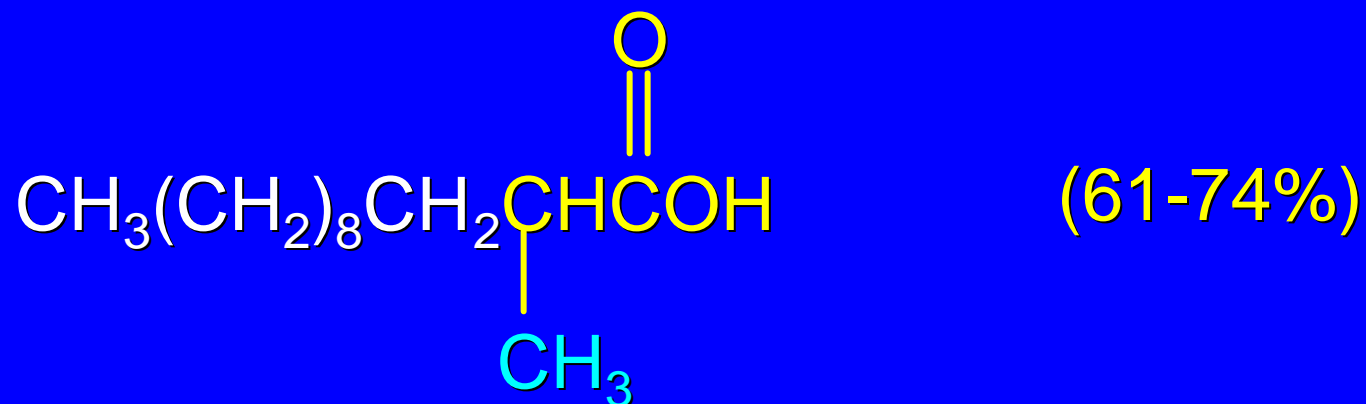
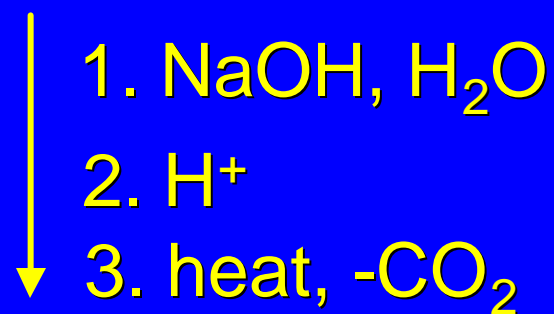
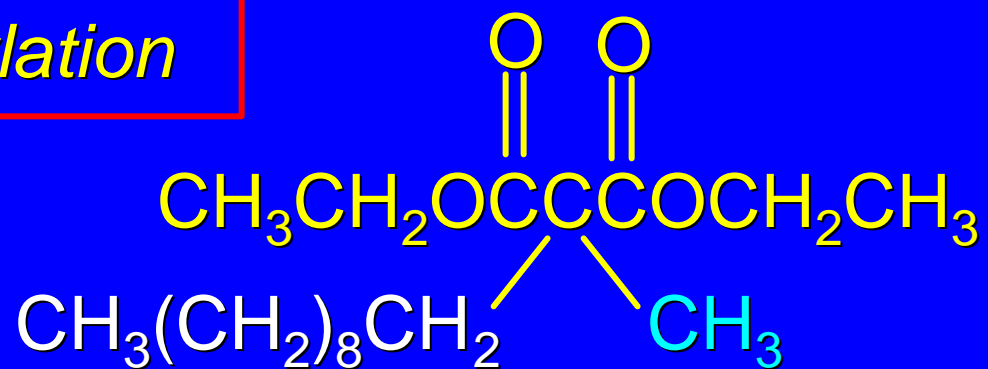


1. $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$

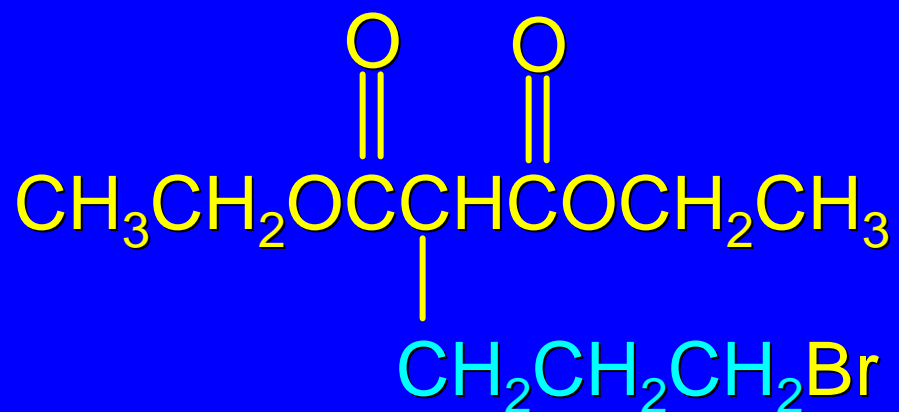
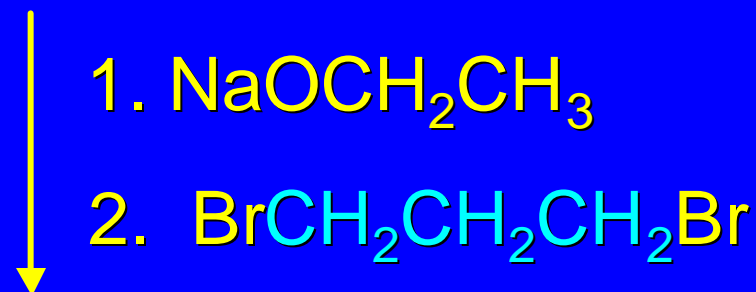
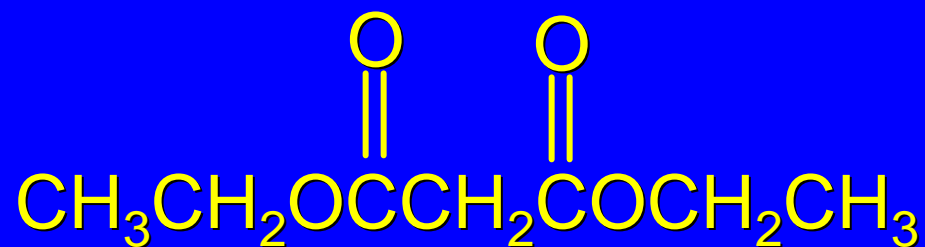
2. $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_8\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$



Dialkylation

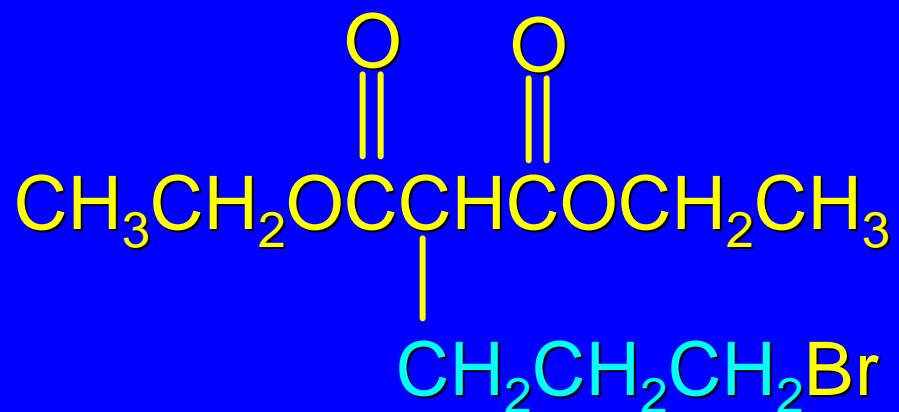


*Another
Example*

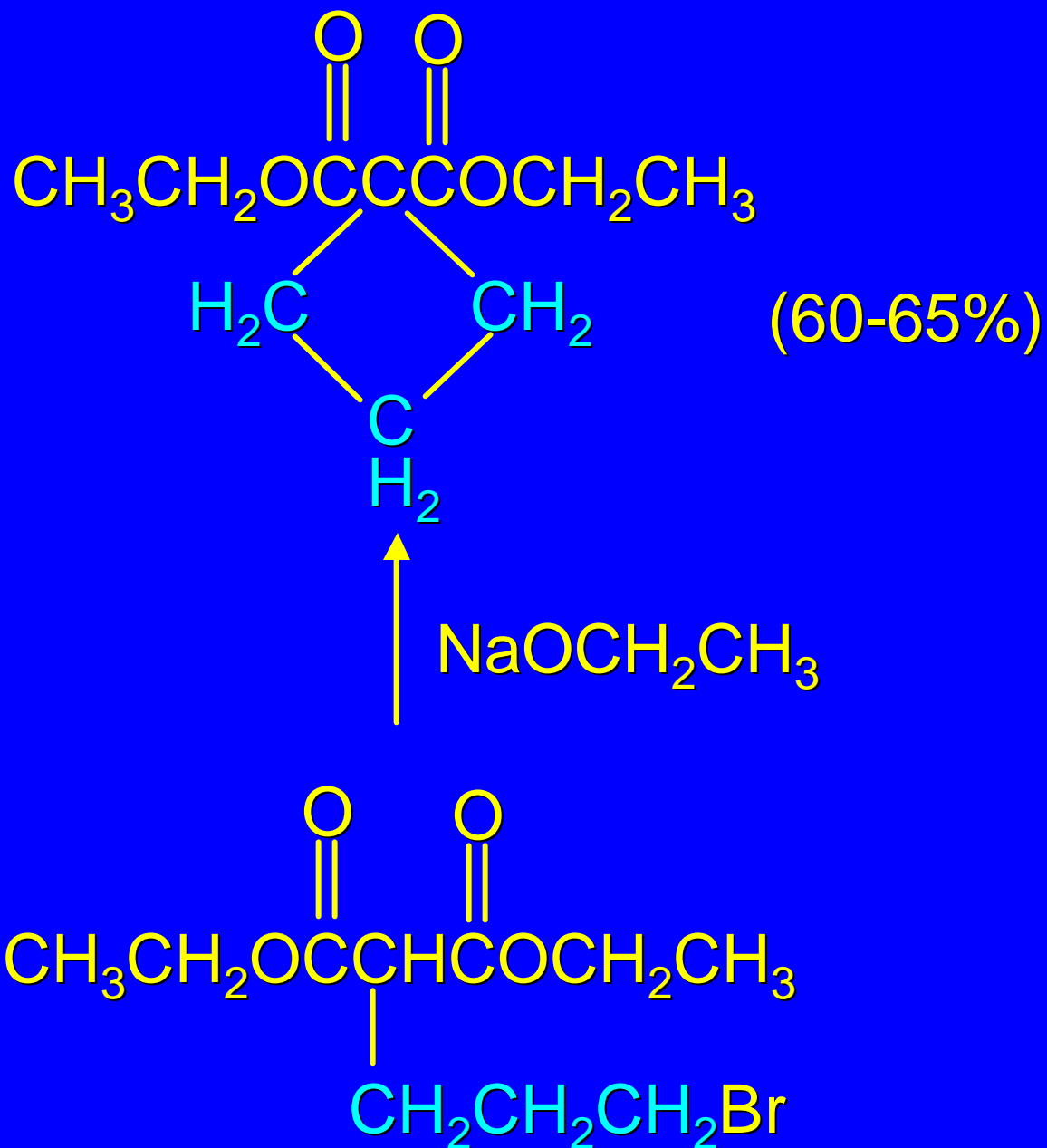


*Another
Example*

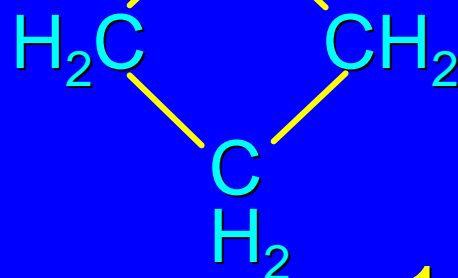
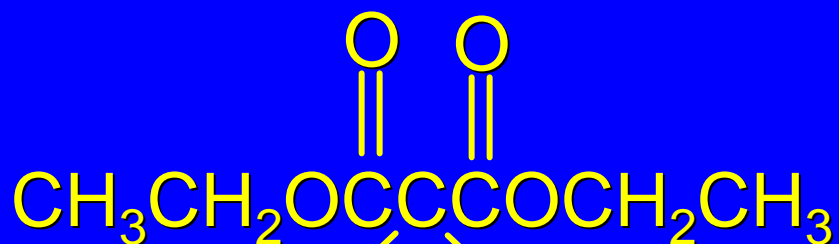
This product is not isolated, but cyclizes in the presence of sodium ethoxide.



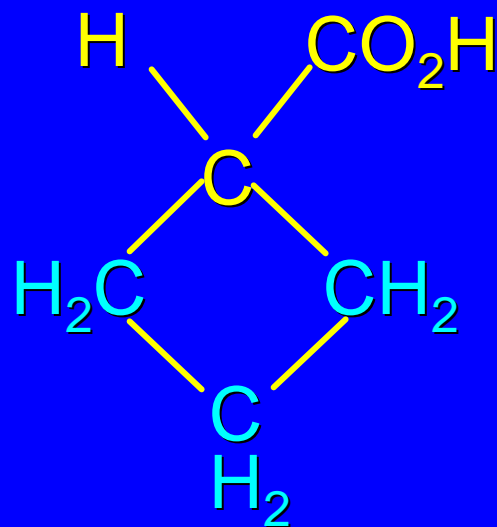
*Another
Example*



*Another
Example*



1. NaOH, H₂O
2. H⁺
3. heat, -CO₂



(80%)