

**Organic Chemistry c3444y**

**2nd Hour Exam**

Friday, Mar. 7, 2002

Prof. Leighton

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **ID#** \_\_\_\_\_

**Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

- Write your name on every page.
- The exam is 5 pages long (*not* including this one). Please make sure you have all of the pages.
- Write complete *but succinct* answers. **Good Luck!**

Question 1 (20 pts): \_\_\_\_\_

Question 2 (20 pts): \_\_\_\_\_

Question 3 (20 pts): \_\_\_\_\_

Question 4 (20 pts): \_\_\_\_\_

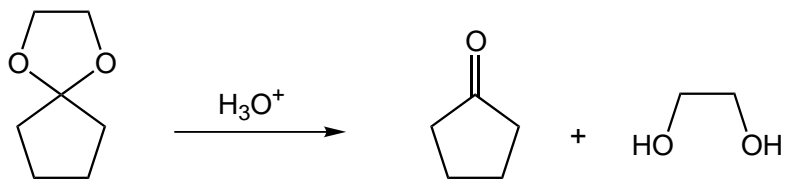
Question 5 (20 pts): \_\_\_\_\_

**Total (100 pts):** \_\_\_\_\_

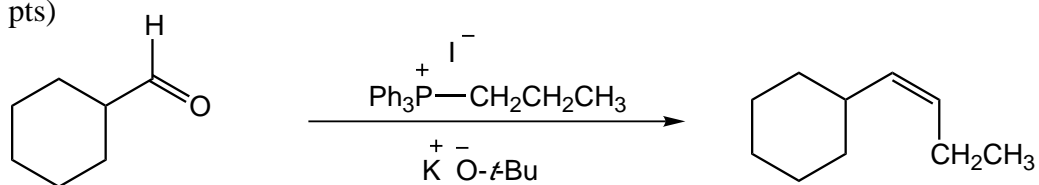
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Provide detailed mechanisms for the following transformations:

a. (10 pts)



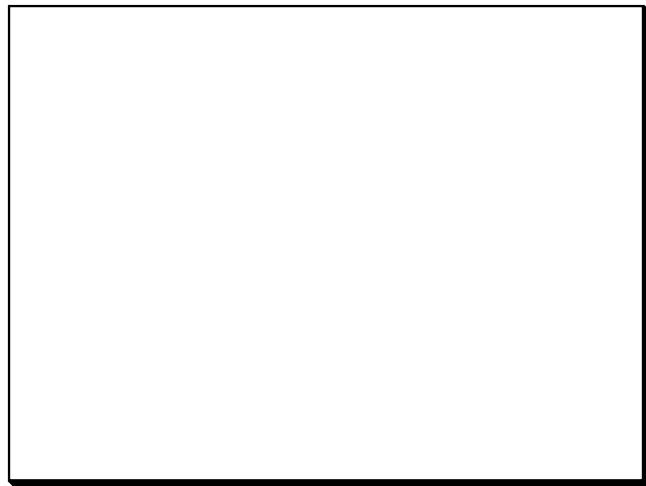
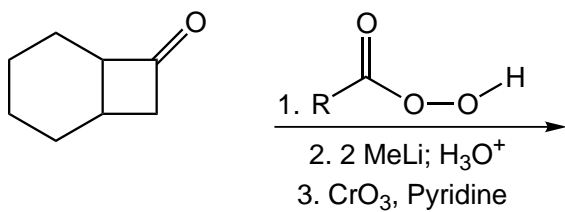
b. (10 pts)



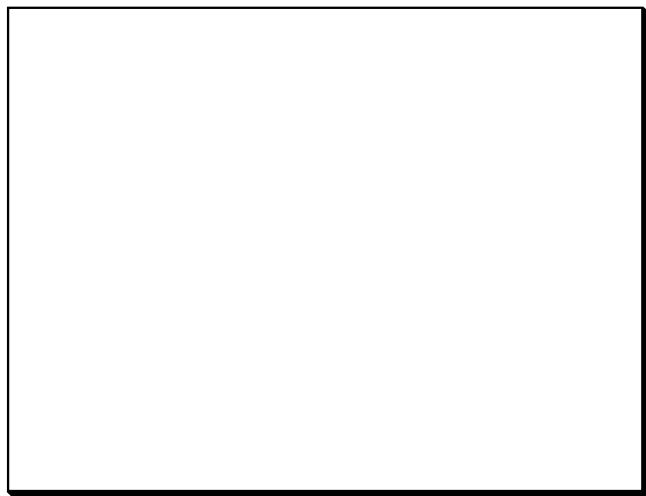
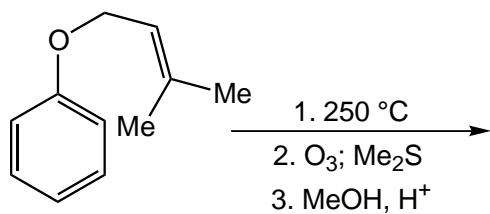
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Predict the major product of the following reactions:

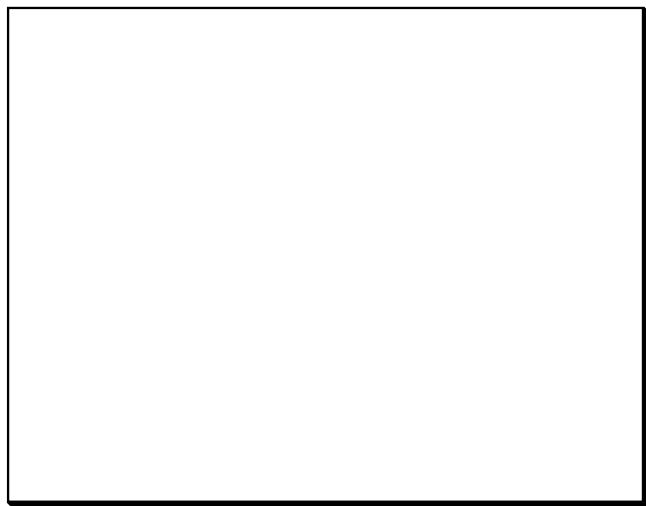
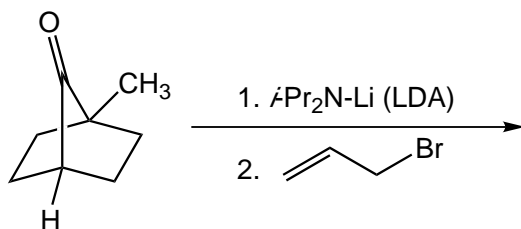
a. (7 pts)



b. (7 pts)

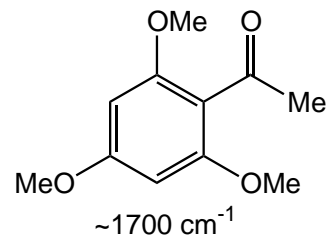
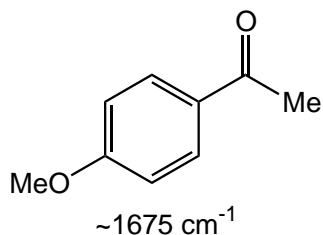
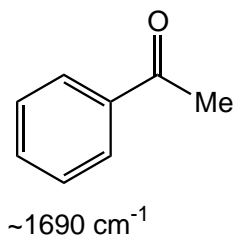


c. (6 pts)

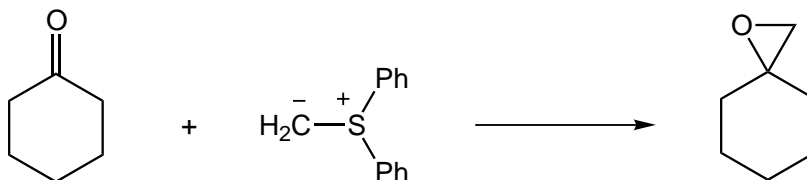


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

3. a. (10 pts) By simple resonance arguments, the C=O IR stretches of the first two compounds shown below make sense. By the same reasoning, we would expect the compound on the right to have a C=O IR stretching frequency even lower than  $1675\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . As you can see, this is not the case. Provide an explanation for the unexpectedly high C=O IR stretching frequency of the compound on the right. (REMEMBER: orientation matters...)



- b. (10 pts) Sulfur ylids do several reactions that P-based ylids do not. Here is one. Provide a mechanism for this unusual epoxidation reaction.



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Provide the reagents necessary to accomplish the following transformations:  
(More than one step will be required.)

a. (7 pts)



b. (7 pts)

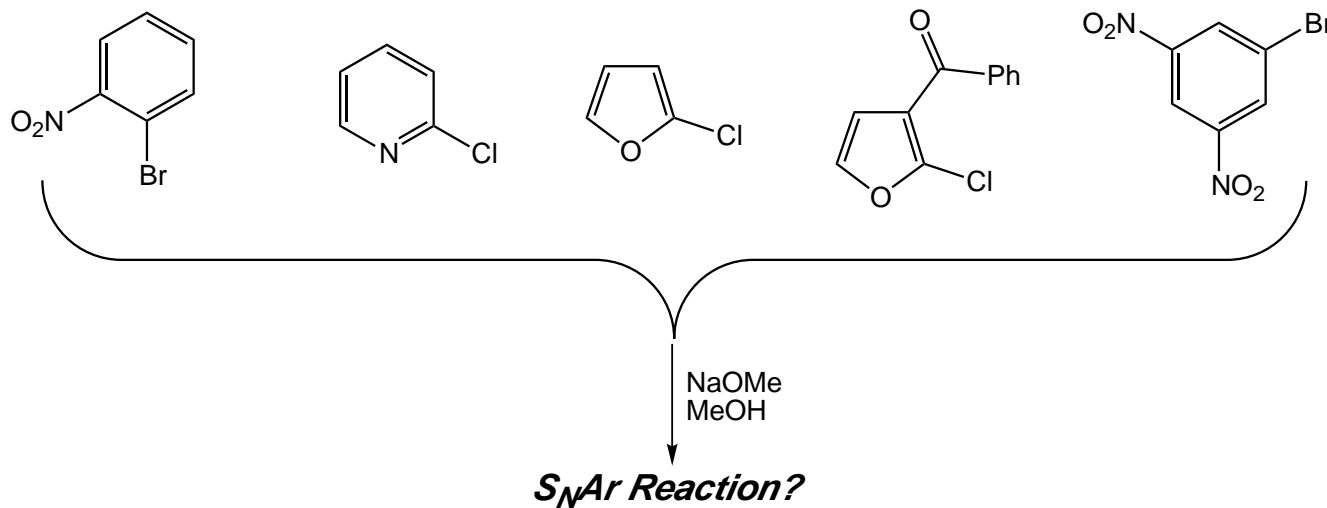


c. (6 pts)



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

5. a. (15 pts) Circle each of the following compounds that you would expect would do smooth  $S_NAr$  reactions. Put an X through the compounds that you would NOT expect to do smooth  $S_NAr$  reactions.



- b. (5 pts) Explain, using resonance structures, your answer for the third compound above.