



What is needed from tissues? DNA: gene, SNP, population association RNA: gene expression array or profiling Proteins: proteomics Cell morphology: pathology

Pharmacogenetics Is....

- The influence of genetic traits on the magnitude or type of *toxic effects* of drugs.
- The influence of genetic traits on the magnitude or type of therapeutic effects of drugs.
- A genetic determinant of overall drug response; not a measurement of physiological status!
- PGenetics: Targeted study of gene variants determining drug response
- PGenomics: Genome wide study of genetic determinants, including the study of gene expression (requiring RNA as a study material)

FDA Guidance on PGx

- PGx will "help individualize therapy with the intent of maximizing effectiveness and minimizing risk."
- Important "that FDA policy facilitate, not impede, the use of pharmacogenomic tests during drug development and, to the extent possible, encourage open and public sharing of data...on PGx test results."
- "most experimental results may not be well enough established to be suitable for regulatory decision making"

FDA Guidance on PGx

- "the FDA is encouraging voluntary submission of such data..."
- "As...field of PGx advances, it is likely (and desirable) that sponsors will begin to use PGx tests to support drug development and/or to guide therapy"



BIO perspectives, recommendations

- Review commensurate with risk; a two tiered review system
 - Research involving intervention or interaction
 - Research using medical records and tissue archives
- Federalize regulations/laws governing consent, use and retention of tissue to make consistent with all regulations (not State by State)

BIO perspectives, recommendations

- Subject's authorization or specification of limitations on permissible uses of data and biological materials must be respected.
 - E.g. Right to withdraw at any time must be honored



Sample PhRMA perspectives on privacy in tissue research

- Medical information, including genetic information, should have equal protection
- Researchers must have unrestricted access to anonymized or encrypted patient information
- Uniform national requirements should govern biomedical research, although individual states should be able to prescribe additional penalties for violations of privacy



Example Tissue Repositories

- LifeSpan Biosciences
- Oncotech
- PathServe
- The AlphaOne Foundation
- Genomics Collaborative
- Duke Center for Human Genetics
- Cancer centers



- IRBs represent the "interests" and welfare of subjects
 - Gifting for the development of better medicine
 - Do me no harm
 - Allow me to understand my risks
 - "Willing suspension of autonomy"?
- What is risk of NOT suspending autonomy?

How suspension of autonomy may lead to useful discoveries

- Complex test to profile newly diagnosed women with breast cancer re risk for recurrence. (Genomic Health, Inc.)
 Genetic risk factor for MI (DeCODE)
- New drug into development for MI targeted at genetic risk factor for MI (DeCODE/Bayer)
- New test for responders to Iressa among non-small cell lung cancers

How suspension of autonomy may lead to useful discoveries

- Collecting DNA for unknown future use:
 - New test in development for response to treatment with statin drugs: personalized medicine (Gennaissance;Abbott Labs)

