Images of Public Health

- The System and Social Enterprise
- The Profession
- The Methods
- Government Services
- The Health of the Public

Turnock, 2001

Public Health Systems

"human, informational, financial, and organizational resources, including public, private and individuals, that contribute to the public's health." NACCHO

Public Health History

- · Sanitation & Housing
- · Communicable Disease
- Industrialization, Labor Laws
- · Maternal and Child Health, Nutrition
- · Mental Health
- · Vital Statistics, Epidemiology
- · Medical Care, Sickness Insurance
- Health Promotion, Clinical Prevention
- · Injury & Violence Prevention

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Determinants of Health

A guide to thinking about the determinants of population health A guide to thinking about the determinants of population health Living and working conditions may include: - Psychoscial factors - Implyment status and community the state of the state

Public Health Components

- Legal Laws, Administrative Law
- Practice Protocols, Standards
- Funding Taxes, Fees, Contributions, Grants
- Personnel Education, Training, Experience
- Public Advocates, Partners, Advisers

Role of Government

- · Legislature
 - laws, funding, oversight, public review
- Executive
 - leadership, delegation of power, appointment of public health officials and advisors, priority setting
- Judiciary
 - enforcement, legislative review

Public Health-NY State and County

- · Health
- · Mental Health
- · Alcohol and Substance Abuse
- · Labor-OSHA*
- · Environmental Conservation-fish
- · Education-professional licensing*
- · Ag & Markets-milk, meat, grocery
- · Taxation-Alcohol & Tobacco Sales

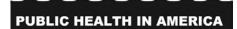
Typical Local Health Department in NYS

- · Administration, Fiscal, Human Resources
- · Planning, Info Systems, Data Management
- · Personal Health Services
- · Communicable Disease Control
- · Children with Special Health Care Needs
- · Environmental Health
- Health Information, Education and Promotion

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Public Health -

- Core Functions (IOM 1988)
 - -Policy Development
 - -Assessment
 - -Assurance



Vision:

Healthy People in Healthy Communities

Mission:

Promote Physical and Mental Health and Prevent Disease, Injury, and Disability

- Public Health
 - •Prevents epidemics and the spread of disease •Protects against environmental hazards
 - •Prevents injuries
 - •Promotes and encourages healthy behaviors
 - •Responds to disasters and assists communities in recovery
 - •Assures the quality and accessibility of health services

Essential Services

Assessment

- Monitor health status to identify community health problems
- <u>Diagnose</u> and investigate health problems and health hazards in the community (including laboratory capacity)
- <u>Inform</u>, educate and empower people about health issues

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Essential Services

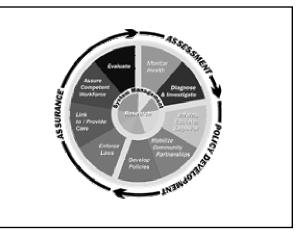
· Policy Development

- Mobilize community partnerships (with other public and health agencies, elected officials, and funding agencies) to identify and solve health problems
- <u>Develop</u> (laws,) policies, and plans that support individual and community health efforts (improvement)
- Enforce laws and regulations that protect health and ensure safety

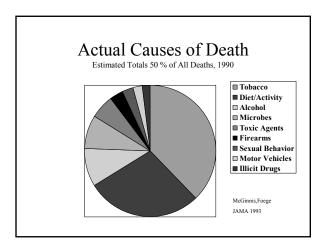
Essential Services

Assurance

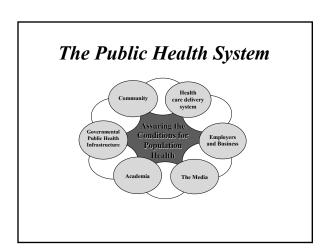
- <u>Link</u> people to needed personal health services and assure the provision of (environmental protection and) personal health services
- Assure a competent public health and personal health workforce
- Evaluate effectiveness, accessibility and quality of personal and population based health services (and the impact of budget changes)
- Research for new insights and innovative solutions to health problems



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Public/Health Care Systems Population Health Personal Health

Public Health Services – WTC Response

- Assessment
 - Monitor
 - Diagnose and Investigate
 - Inform
- Policy
 - Mobilize
 - Develop
 - Enforce

- Assurance
 - Link people to services
 - Assure competent workforce
 - Evaluate
 - Research
