

Flow Decomposition

Def: A feasible flow obeys capacity, non-negativity, and flow conservation constraints.

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & \sum_{(v,w) \in E} c(v,w) f(v,w) \\ \text{subject to} \quad & f(v,w) \leq u(v,w) \quad \forall (v,w) \in E \\ & \sum_{w \in V} f(v,w) - \sum_{w \in V} f(w,v) = b(v) \quad \forall v \in V \\ & f(v,w) \geq 0 \quad \forall (v,w) \in E \end{aligned}$$

Flow decomposition Any flow f can be decomposed into paths and cycles such that

- Every directed path with positive flow connects a deficit node ($b(v) < 0$) to a surplus node ($b(v) > 0$) .
- At most $n + m$ paths and cycles have non-zero flow; out of these at most m cycles have non-zero flow.

Augmenting Cycle Theorem

- Let f and g be any two feasible flows. Then f can be obtained from g by augmenting along at most m directed cycles in G_g .
- The cost of f is the cost of g plus the sum of the costs of the cycles.