

**Single molecule conductance through multiple π - π
stacked benzene rings determined with direct
electrode to benzene ring connections**

Severin T. Schneebeli, Maria Kamenetska, Zhanling Cheng, Rachid Skouta, Richard A.
Friesner, Latha Venkataraman*, and Ronald Breslow*

lv2117@columbia.edu; rb33@columbia.edu

Supplementary Information

General Information:

Chemicals: Solvents, inorganic salts, and organic reagents were purchased from commercial sources and used without further purification unless otherwise mentioned.

Chromatography: Merck pre-coated 0.25 mm silica plates containing a 254 nm fluorescence indicator were used for analytical thin-layer chromatography. Flash chromatography was performed on 230-400 mesh silica (SiliaFlash® P60) from Silicycle.

Spectroscopy: NMR spectra were obtained on a Bruker DPX 300 or 400 MHz spectrometer. Spectra were analyzed with the MestreNova Software (Version 6.1). CI-MS spectra were taken on a Nermag R-10-10 instrument. FAB MS spectra were taken on a JEOL JMS-DX-303 HF instrument using either glycerol or p-nitrobenzyl alcohol as matrices. Matrix assisted laser desorption ionization (MALDI) mass spectra were acquired using an Applied Biosystems Voyager DE Pro time-of-flight mass spectrometer. Positive ion mass spectra were acquired in the linear mode using a nitrogen laser (337nm). Instrument settings were as follows: accelerating voltage, 21,000 volts; grid voltage, 95%; guide wire, 0.05%; extraction delay time, 200 nsec. All data processing was performed using Applied Biosystems Data Explorer v 4.0.0.0.

NMR-Spectra:







