



Columbia University
MAILMAN SCHOOL
OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Latent Variable and Structural Equation
Modeling for Health Sciences
P8158

CLASS SESSION

Wednesday 8:50 AM - 11:20 AM

Location: Hammer 312

INSTRUCTOR

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Professor

Depts of Biostatistics and Psychiatry

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COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course is designed for those students (or any researchers) who want to gain a significant familiarity with a collection of statistical techniques that target the measurement of latent variables (i.e. variables that cannot be measured directly) as well as methods for estimating relationships among variables within causal systems. This course covers exploratory and confirmatory factor analysis, item response theory models, latent class and finite mixture models. The course also covers structural equation modeling including its directed acyclic graphical notation as a means to estimate assumed causal relationships in the presence of confounders, mediators and moderators. Data analysis examples will come from health science applications and practical implementation of all methods will be demonstrated using predominately the Mplus software, but also the R software.

PREREQUISITES

A one year course in applied statistics at the level of 6103-6104 or permission of the instructor.

COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Students who successfully complete this course will be able to:

- Understand the latent variable measurement problems that can and cannot be addressed using factor analysis and item response theory models
- Be able to implement factor analysis and item response theory models using software on real data and interpret results including checking model assumptions
- Understand the use of latent class and finite mixture models as methods for clustering individuals and be able to fully implement them using software including assessing model fit and interpreting results
- Understand the role of structural equation modeling (SEM) including its directed acyclic graphical notation as a means to estimate assumed causal relationships including the role of confounders, mediators and moderators.
- Identify and be able to estimate using software the total, indirect, and direct effects within a SEM as well as assessing model fit and checking model assumptions.
- Critically read research articles that use the collection of methods learned in the course.

ASSESSMENT AND GRADING POLICY

Student grades will be derived from a combination of homeworks (50% of grade), one in-class exam (25% of grade) and a group final project (25% of grade including written and oral presentation).

Homework: Homework is due in class on date specified. Homework turned in after the time it is due will have 50% deducted. You may only turn in late homework up until the next homework is due, after that there will be no credit given.

In-class exam: The in-class exam will be open notes.

Group Final Project: Depending on the size of the class groups for final projects will be of size 2-4 students and will be formed by self-selection. For all projects, a written report (6-8 pages not including graphs) outlining the problem, describing the analysis and summarizing the results will be required. The results will be presented to the class orally (15-minute presentation) during the last week of class and possibly during the time slot set aside for finals. Grading of the project will be as follows: 2/3 of the project grade will come from the written report and 1/3 will come from your presentation. Everyone in the group will get the same grade on the project, i.e. no attempt at partitioning credit to one member over the other will be accepted.

The project will entail ONE of the following three options:

- Option 1: A substantive description and detailed statistical analysis of some data set in which the analysis utilizes any of the statistical modeling techniques learned in class.
- Option 2: A detailed description and critique of a published paper in which a latent variable or structural equation modeling technique was employed.
- Option 3: Perform a simulation study or provide some analytical results for a statistical method for latent variable or structural equation modeling.

The grading scale based on the Total percentage is the following and is meant to reflect the Mailman School of Public Health qualitative descriptions at: <http://mailman-handbook.com/2011/node/27>

93-100 A , 90-92 A-, 85-89 B+, 78-84 B, 75-77 B-, 70-74 C+, 65-69 C, 60-64 C-

A grade of A+ will be reserved for highly exceptional achievement and will not necessarily be given every semester. For those taking the course S/N (Pass/Fail), an S will be earned if a grade equivalent to a C- or above is achieved.

For all students, if a grade of at least C- is not achieved, the grade will be F (or N).

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

There is no textbook assigned for this course. Course notes will be made available on a weekly basis through the class website by the instructor and will serve as the **primary source of course material**. Weekly assignments will consist of reading course notes or reading a selected article and performing a data analysis. The course notes for each week will be posted on the CourseWorks site; they range in length from 40 to 60 pages. Assigned articles will also be available on CourseWorks; these range from 10 to 15 pages. You can anticipate about 4 hours of work outside class for each of the data analyses.

You will need access to a computer (either your own or in a lab where you can download statistical software). I will be introducing how to implement all the techniques in the course using the Mplus software (www.statmodel.com). A FREE demo version of MPLUS 8.0 software is available for download from the Mplus website. Some very good resources (including full video lectures by the creator of Mplus, Bengt Muthen) can be found at the Mplus website https://www.statmodel.com/course_materials.shtml

COURSE STRUCTURE

Classroom experience will be a lecture with notes made available electronically before class and demonstration of computer code and output using the free demo version of Mplus or freely available R software. Homework will be assigned approximately every other week and students may discuss their work with other class-mates but are expected to write-up results themselves.

Week 1 – Introduction to scope of the course

Learning Objectives: Survey the full range of latent variable and structural equation modeling methods that will be introduced in the course.

Assignment: Homework I – Find a research article on your own that uses any of the methods we will cover in the course and provide a critique, describe the main goal of the paper and the method use and something you did not understand and would like to learn more about.

Week 2 – Fundamental ideas of Measurement

Learning Objectives: Learn how to develop conceptual variables. Understand reflective vs. formative latent variables. Understand and know methods for assessing dimensionality, reliability, and validity of scales.

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related Reading:

- Scientific Advisory Committee of the Medical Outcomes Trust: Assessing health status and quality of life instruments: attributes and review criteria. *Quality of Life Research* 2002; 11: 193-205
- Diamantopoulos A and Siguaw J (2006) Formative versus reflective indicators in organizational measure development: A comparison and empirical illustration, *British Journal of Management*, 17, 263-282.

Assignment: Homework 2 – Read article and Data analysis

Week 3 – Exploratory and Confirmatory Factor Analysis

Learning Objectives: Understand, interpret and implement EFA and CFA

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related Reading:

- Reise SP, Waller NG, and Comrey AL (2000) Factor analysis and scale revision, *Psychological Assessment*, 12(3), 287-297.

Week 4 – The Bi-factor Models and Factor models for categorical observed variables

Learning Objectives: Be able to Interpret the results from a bi-factor model as a means to assess the existence of subdimensions. Understand the underlying variable factor analysis approach with probit modeling for categorical outcomes.

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related readings:

- Chen FF, West SG, Sousa KH (2006) A Comparison of Bifactor and Second-Order Models of Quality of Life, *Multivariate Behavioral Research* 41(2), 189-225.
- Reise SP, Morizot J, Hays RD (2007). The role of the bifactor model in resolving dimensionality issues in health outcomes measures, *Quality of Life Research*, 16 Suppl: 19-31.

Assignment: Homework 3 – Read article and Data analysis

Week 5 – Item Response Theory Models

Learning Objectives: Understand, interpret and implement IRT models.

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related Reading:

- Edwards MC (2009). An introduction to item response theory using the need for cognition scale, *Social and Personality Psychology Compass*, 3/4, 507-529.
- Woods CM (2009) Evaluation of MIMIC-Model Methods for DIF testing with comparison to two group analysis, *Multivariate Behavioral Research*, 44:1-27.
- Edelen Orlando M, Thissen D, Teresi JA, et al. Identification of differential item functioning using item response theory and the likelihood-based model comparison approach: application to the Mini-Mental State Examination. *Med Care* 2006;44(Suppl 3):S134–S142

Week 6 – Latent Class Analysis

Learning Objectives: Understanding, interpret and implement LCA for measuring categorical latent variables

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related Reading:

- Rindskopf D and Rindskopf W (1986). The value of LCA in medical diagnosis. *Statistics in Medicine*, 5, 21-27. Used LCA for assessing Myocardial Infarction with 4 clinical measurements.

Assignment: Homework 4 – Read article and Data analysis

Week 7 – Growth curve modeling

Learning Objectives: Understand what is growth curve modeling and how it can be used for longitudinal data analysis. Be able to describe the models in the hierarchal modeling

notation framework and the factor analysis notation framework. Be able to fit a growth curve model and a growth curve mixture model to data using Mplus.

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related Reading:

- Curran PJ, Obeidat K, Losardo D (2010) Twelve Frequently asked questions about growth curve modeling. *Journal of cognition and development*, 11(2), 121-136.
- Jung T and Wicrama AS (2008) An Introduction to Latent Class Growth analysis and Growth Mixture modeling. *Social and Personality Psychology Compass* 2/1 302-317.

Assignment: Homework 5 – Read article and Data analysis

Week 8 – Intro to SEM – effect decomposition, estimation, mediation models

Learning Objectives: Identify and be able to estimate using software the total, indirect, and direct effects within a SEM. Be able to estimate and test for mediation effects.

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related Reading:

- James LR (2008) On the path to mediation, *Organizational Research Methods*, 11:359.
- Gelfand LA, Mensinger JL, Tenhave T (2009) Mediation Analysis: A retrospective snapshot of practice and more recent directions, *Journal of General Psychology*, 136(2): 153-176.
- Valerie L, and Vanderweele T (2013). Mediation Analysis Allowing for Exposure–Mediator Interactions and Causal Interpretation: Theoretical Assumptions and Implementation With SAS and SPSS Macros, *Psychological Methods*, 18(2), 137-150.

Week 9 – Multiple Mediators and Moderators in SEM

Learning Objectives: Understand the assumptions and learn how to perform estimation with multiple mediators and the role of interaction in mediation, and how to estimate and test effect modification with continuous and categorical outcome variables.

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related reading:

- Marsh, H. W., Wen, Z., & Hau, K. T. (2004). Structural equation models of latent interactions: Evaluation of alternative estimation strategies and indicator construction. *Psychological Methods*, 9, 275-300.
- Frazier PA, Tix AP, Barron KE (2004). Testing Moderator and Mediator effects in Counseling Psychology Research, *Journal of Counseling Psychology*, 51(1) 115-134.

Assignment: Homework 6 – Read article and Data analysis

Week 10 – Perspectives on modern causal modeling – Potential outcomes, counterfactuals, propensity scores, instrumental variables

Learning Objectives: Be introduced to theoretical language and ideas of statistical inference for causal modeling and see examples of how propensity scores and instrumental variables can be used to help estimate causal effects.

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related reading:

- Greenland S and Brumback B. An overview of relations among causal modelling methods. *Int. J. Epidemiol.* (2002) 31 (5): 1030-1037.
- Robins J, Hernan M, Brumback B (2000). Marginal structural models and causal inference in epidemiology. *Epidemiology*, 11(5): 550-560.
- Angrist, Imbens Rubin (1996) Identification of causal effects using instrumental variables. *JASA* 91, 444-455.
- Austin P. An Introduction to Propensity Score Methods for Reducing the Effects of Confounding in Observational Studies. *Multivariate Behav Res.* May 2011; 46(3): 399–424.

Week 11 – In class Exam

Learning Objectives: Assimilation of all topics covered during Weeks 1-10. Review.

IN-CLASS EXAM

Week 12 – Multilevel SEM

Learning Objectives: Understand the usefulness and application of multilevel SEM

Required Reading: Course Notes

Related Reading:

- Kaplan and Elliott (1997). A didactic example of multilevel SEM applicable to the study of organizations. *Structural equation modeling* 4(1), 1-24
- Mehta PD and Neale M (2005). People are variables too: Multilevel structural equations modeling, *Psychological Methods*

Assignment: Homework 7 – Write one page proposal for final project

Week 13 – Special topics – Spatial structural equation modeling

Learning Objectives: Be exposed to new extensions to the use of structural equation modeling including spatially (geographic) referenced data and any other topics suggested by students.

Related Reading:

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- Wall MM and Liu X (2009) "Spatial Latent Class Analysis Model for Spatially Distributed Multivariate Binary Data", *Computational Statistics and Data Analysis*, 53, 3057-3069.
 - Wall MM (2011). Spatial structural equation modeling with an application to U.S. behavioral risk factor surveillance survey data, to appear In the *Handbook of Structural Equation Modeling*, ed Rick Hoyle, Guilford Press.
 - Wall MM et al. (2012) Patterns of obesogenic Neighborhood Features and Adolescent Weight. A comparison of Statistical approaches. *Preventive Medicine*.

Week 14 – Group Final Project Presentations

Learning Objectives: Enhance presentation skills and critical listening skills by participating in group presentation and discussion.
