

## Assignment #18

Reading:

*March 16* French and Taylor Chapter 2-1 thru 2-4*March 18* French and Taylor Chapter 2-5 thru 2-11

151. Purcell 8.15

152. Purcell 9.1

153. Purcell 9.5

154. French and Taylor 1-1

155. French and Taylor 1-3

156. French and Taylor 1-8

157. French and Taylor 1-10

158. Consider a 2-dimensional complex vector space with a orthonormal basis  $\hat{e}_1$  and  $\hat{e}_2$ . Find the following:(a) The sum of the vectors  $\psi + \psi'$  where  $\psi = 3e^{i\pi/2}\hat{e}_1 + 2\hat{e}_2$  and  $\psi' = 4\sqrt{2}e^{i\pi/4}\hat{e}_1 - 5\hat{e}_2$ .(b) The three inner products:  $(\psi, \psi)$ ,  $(\psi', \psi')$  and  $(\psi', \psi)$ .(c) Find unit vectors  $\hat{\psi}_\perp$  and  $\hat{\psi}'_\perp$  which are orthogonal to  $\psi$  and  $\psi'$  respectively.159. Show that if a function  $f(\phi)$  obeys

$$f(\phi_1)f(\phi_2) = f(\phi_1 + \phi_2) \quad (1)$$

then  $f(\phi)$  must have the form  $f(\phi) = e^{c\phi}$  where  $c$  is a constant.[Hint: differentiate both sides of Eq. (1) with respect to  $\phi_1$ , set  $\phi_1 = 0$  and then solve the resulting equation.]160. Find the two eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors for the  $2 \times 2$  matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ b & -a \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $a$  and  $b$  are real numbers. Choose the eigenvectors to have unit length and show that they are orthogonal.[Hint: Let  $x$  and  $y$  be the two components of an eigenvector with eigenvalue  $\lambda$ . Solve the coupled equations

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ b & -a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \lambda \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}.$$

to determine  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $\lambda$ .]