

Table 1. Where do Peacekeepers Go?

	Logistic Regression Coefficients (Robust Standard Errors)	
	All Peacekeeping	New Peacekeeping
tie	1.96 (1.34)	5.53 *** (0.93)
cost of war	0.20 (0.26)	0.99 * (0.55)
history of conflict	1.44 (1.84)	0.43 (0.70)
contiguity	-0.51 (1.19)	-0.15 (0.51)
multilateral war	0.90 (1.30)	3.71 ** (1.89)
preponderance of power	1.78 (2.03)	-4.33 *** (1.54)
permanent five SC member	0.15 (1.60)	1.53 (1.78)
Arab-Israeli war	-0.17 (2.47)	1.96 (2.61)
existence at stake	1.38 ** (0.65)	-3.18 *** (0.95)
constant	-4.07 (2.54)	-11.54 *** (4.13)
N	45	45
pseudo R ²	0.30	0.54
log likelihood	-17.60	-14.27

* $p \leq 0.10$ ** $p \leq 0.05$ *** $p \leq 0.01$ Two-tailed tests

NB: The three cases of elimination or foreign imposed regime change are dropped to control for the most decisive military outcomes

Table 2. Where do Peacekeepers Go? By Mission Type

	Multinomial Logistic Regression Coefficients (Robust Standard Errors)			
	All Peacekeeping		New Peacekeeping	
	Monitoring	Armed Forces	Monitoring	Armed Forces
tie	2.73*** (0.99)	2.18** (0.95)	9.99*** (3.77)	4.22*** (1.21)
cost of war	0.44 (0.30)	-1.25** (0.59)	4.01* (2.22)	0.56 (0.69)
history of conflict	1.68 (1.53)	3.75*** (1.15)	-1.41 (1.51)	2.11* (1.12)
contiguity	-0.04 (0.82)	-1.21* (0.72)	0.01 (1.08)	-2.42** (1.02)
multilateral war	2.30* (1.19)	1.91* (1.07)	6.59** (3.05)	-0.03 (1.18)
preponderance of power	0.82 (1.89)	4.93* (2.72)	-4.07* (2.17)	-0.79 (2.14)
permanent five SC member	-0.18 (1.56)	2.28 (1.63)	-6.57 (4.24)	23.32*** (3.70)
Arab-Israeli war	-0.10 (2.31)	-2.13 (2.25)	-2.04 (2.26)	21.61*** (3.53)
constant	-7.34*** (2.80)	2.33 (4.18)	-38.13** (18.92)	-29.89 .
N		45		45
pseudo R ²		0.33		0.61
log likelihood		-29.02		-17.31

* $p \leq 0.10$ ** $p \leq 0.05$ *** $p \leq 0.01$ Two-tailed tests

NB: The three cases of elimination or foreign imposed regime change are dropped to control for the most decisive military outcomes

Table 3. Effects on the Durability of Peace

	Hazard Ratios (Robust Standard Errors)	
peacekeeping	0.13 ** (0.11)	
number of peacekeepers		0.9995 (0.0006)
tie	355.04 ** (918.42)	327.88 (1198.03)
elimination / imposed regime	0.00005 *** (0.0001)	0.00003 *** (0.00009)
cost of war	0.90 (0.30)	0.82 (0.21)
history of conflict	4.47 *** (2.03)	2.71 * (1.39)
contiguity	0.50 (0.23)	0.92 (0.25)
multilateral war	0.12 *** (0.07)	0.14 ** (0.11)
preponderance of power	10.13 ** (11.40)	3.14 (3.67)
permanent five SC member	0.29 (0.23)	1.23 (1.34)
Arab-Israeli war	157.93 (549.09)	610.21 (2957.77)
existence at stake	5.20 *** (1.49)	1.19 (0.76)
change in relative capabilities	1.60 (0.48)	2.96 ** (1.38)
shape parameter p	1.11 (0.54)	1.13 (0.64)
Subjects	48	48
N	770	770
log likelihood	-38.03	-37.82

* $p \leq 0.10$ ** $p \leq 0.05$ *** $p \leq 0.01$ Two-tailed tests

NB: Hazard ratios are interpreted relative to 1. Ratios greater than 1 indicate an increased hazard (i.e., peace falls apart more quickly). Ratios less than 1 indicate a decreased hazard (i.e., peace lasts longer).

Table 4. Effects on the Durability of Peace, By Mission Type

	Hazard Ratios (Robust Standard Errors)	
PK: monitoring	0.15 *	js** (0.16)
PK: armed forces	0.10	js** (0.27)
tie	368.02 **	(1108.28)
elimination / imposed regime	0.0001 ***	(0.0001)
cost of war	0.90	(0.30)
history of conflict	4.40 ***	(1.84)
contiguity	0.53	(0.42)
multilateral war	0.12 ***	(0.10)
preponderance of power	8.84	(19.25)
permanent five SC member	0.34	(0.65)
Arab-Israeli war	204.72	(1165.59)
existence at stake	4.20	(7.14)
change in relative capabilities	1.69 **	(0.38)
shape parameter p	1.12	(0.63)
Subjects	48	
N	770	
log likelihood	-37.99	

* $p \leq 0.10$ ** $p \leq 0.05$ *** $p \leq 0.01$ js = joint significance Two-tailed tests

NB: Hazard ratios are interpreted relative to 1. Ratios greater than 1 indicate an increased hazard (i.e., peace falls apart more quickly). Ratios less than 1 indicate a decreased hazard (i.e., peace lasts longer).