

Lecture 1: Introduction

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Overview I

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§1.1: Why, when, and where

Transfer learning in computer vision

PASCAL cars



SUN cars



Caltech101 cars



ImageNet cars



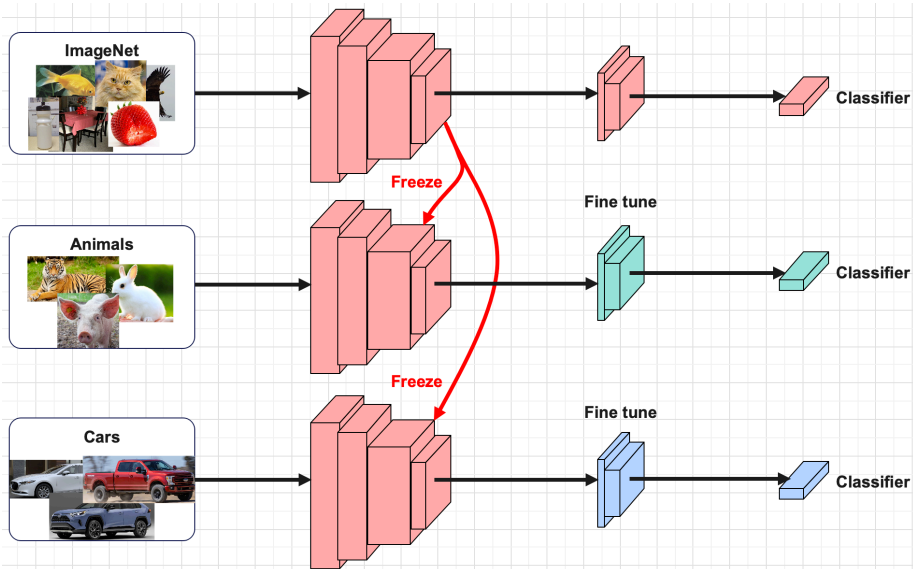
LabelMe cars



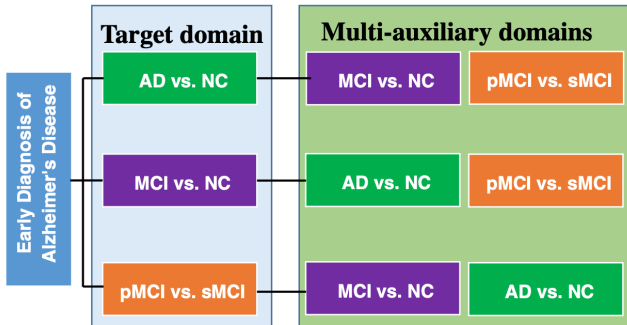
Car images across datasets

Torralba, A., & Efros, A. A. (2011, June). Unbiased look at dataset bias. In CVPR 2011 (pp. 1521-1528). IEEE.

Transfer learning in computer vision



Transfer learning in disease diagnosis



- AD: Alzheimer's Disease
- MCI: mild cognitive impairment
 - ▷ pMCI: progressive MCI
 - ▷ sMCI: stable MCI
- NC: normal controls

Cheng, B., Liu, M., Shen, D., Li, Z., Zhang, D., & Alzheimer's Disease Neuroimaging Initiative. (2017). Multi-domain transfer learning for early diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease. *Neuroinformatics*, 15, 115-132.

Transfer learning in autonomous driving



Training scenario



Real application scenario

Image source:

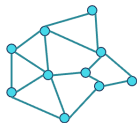
https://nbviewer.org/github/vistalab-technion/cs236605-tutorials/blob/master/tutorial6/tutorial6-TL_DA.ipyn
Akhari, S., Zheng, L. Y., & Lin, M. C. (2020, October). Enhanced transfer learning for autonomous driving with systematic accident simulation. In 2020 IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS) (pp. 5986-5993). IEEE.

Transfer learning in ChatGPT

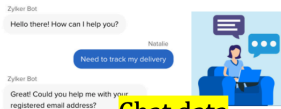


A large corpus of diverse text data

Knowledge transfer



Base GPT model



Chat data



Dialogue data

Fine tuning



ChatGPT

Why, when, and where

- **Why:** Improve the performance on the target dataset of limited (or zero) sample size
- **When:** There is some similarity between the target and source to transfer
- **Where:** Various applications in many areas
 - ▷ Computer vision
 - ▷ Healthcare
 - ▷ Natural Language Processing
 - ▷ Finance
 - ▷ Autonomous Driving
 - ▷

See [Pan and Yang \(2009\)](#); [Weiss et al. \(2016\)](#); [Zhuang et al. \(2020\)](#) for more comprehensive surveys of transfer learning.

[1] Pan, S. J., & Yang, Q. (2009). A survey on transfer learning. *IEEE Transactions on knowledge and data engineering*, 22(10), 1345-1359.

[2] Weiss, K., Khoshgoftaar, T. M., & Wang, D. (2016). A survey of transfer learning. *Journal of Big data*, 3, 1-40.

[3] Zhuang, F., Qi, Z., Duan, K., Xi, D., Zhu, Y., Zhu, H., ... & He, Q. (2020). A comprehensive survey on transfer learning. *Proceedings of the IEEE*, 109(1), 43-76.

§1.2: Concepts

Concepts: domain and task

Most definitions are quoted from Redko et al. (2019, 2020).

- **Domain:** We may call $(\mathcal{S}^{(0)}, \mathbb{P}^{(0)})$ as the **target domain** and $(\mathcal{S}^{(1)}, \mathbb{P}^{(1)})$ as the **source domain**, where $\mathbb{P}^{(0)}$ and $\mathbb{P}^{(1)}$ are the distributions defined on corresponding spaces $\mathcal{S}^{(0)}$ and $\mathcal{S}^{(1)}$.¹
- **Task:** There is a learning **task** associated with each domain, which can be classification, clustering, regression, on $\mathcal{S}^{(k)}$. For supervised learning problems, $\mathcal{S}^{(k)}$ consists a feature space \mathcal{X} and an output space \mathcal{Y} . The task usually is to learn a predictor from \mathcal{X} to \mathcal{Y} . We can denote the task for target and source as $t^{(0)}$ and $t^{(1)}$
- **Transfer learning:** How to improve the performance on target domain for $t^{(0)}$ by the knowledge of the source domain for $t^{(1)}$.

¹There can be more than one sources.

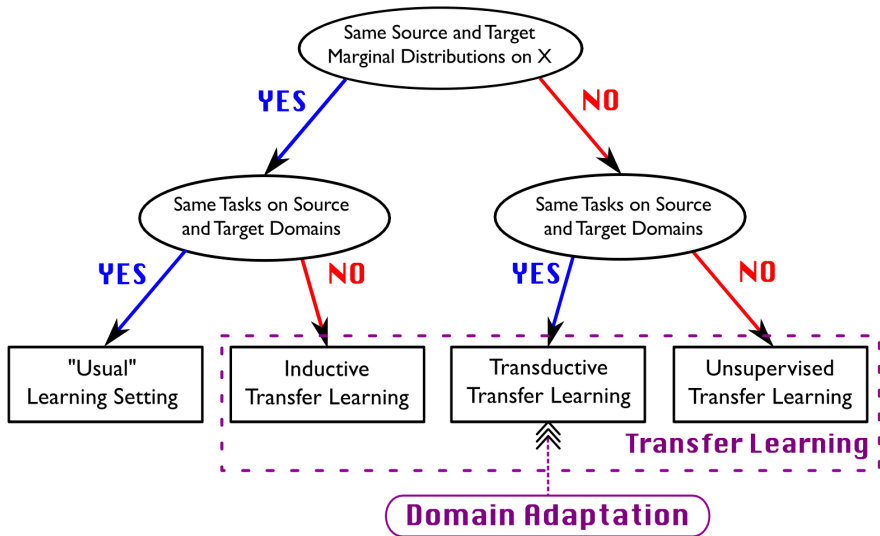
[1] Redko, I., Morvant, E., Habrard, A., Sebban, M., & Bennani, Y. (2019). Advances in domain adaptation theory. Elsevier.

[2] Redko, I., Morvant, E., Habrard, A., Sebban, M., & Bennani, Y. (2020). A survey on domain adaptation theory: learning bounds and theoretical guarantees. arXiv preprint arXiv:2004.11829.

Categories of TL by goals

- **Transfer learning:** Using the information from the **source domain** to improve the performance on **target domain**.
- **Multi-task learning:** Each domain is called a **task** and we want to simultaneously learn well on **all domains** by borrowing information from each other.

Categories of TL by tasks

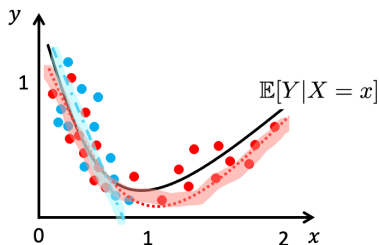
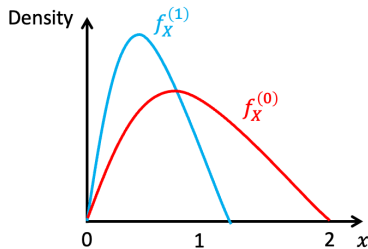


Picture source: Redko, I., Morvant, E., Habrard, A., Sebban, M., & Bennani, Y. (2020). A survey on domain adaptation theory: learning bounds and theoretical guarantees. arXiv preprint arXiv:2004.11829.

Categories of TL by shift types

Consider the supervised learning setting, and we have the same feature space \mathcal{X} and output space \mathcal{Y} for target and source ². $\mathbb{P}^{(k)}$ is the joint distribution of (X, Y) on target ($k = 0$) or source ($k = 1$) domains.

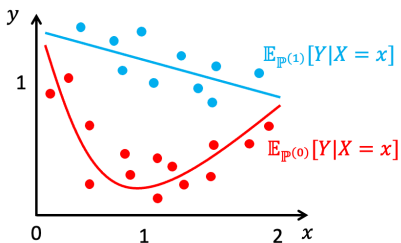
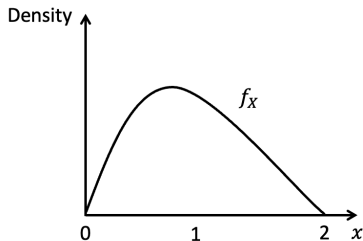
- **Covariate shift:** $\mathbb{P}_X^{(0)} \neq \mathbb{P}_X^{(1)}$, $\mathbb{P}_{Y|X}^{(0)} = \mathbb{P}_{Y|X}^{(1)}$ (in the sense of $\mathbb{P}_X^{(0)}$ -a.e.)
- **Posterior drift:** $\mathbb{P}_X^{(0)} = \mathbb{P}_X^{(1)}$, $\mathbb{P}_{Y|X}^{(0)} \neq \mathbb{P}_{Y|X}^{(1)}$
- **Concept drift:** $\mathbb{P}_X^{(0)} \neq \mathbb{P}_X^{(1)}$, $\mathbb{P}_{Y|X}^{(0)} \neq \mathbb{P}_{Y|X}^{(1)}$



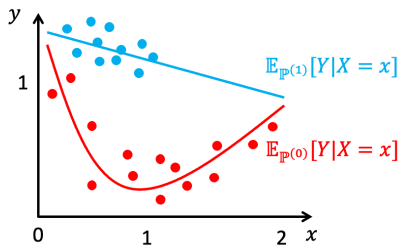
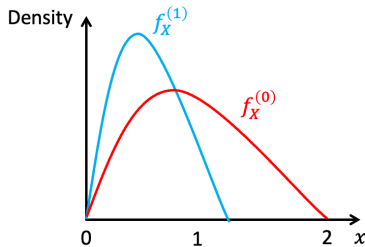
“Covariate shift”

²We will also discuss distribution shift where the space $\mathcal{X} \times \mathcal{Y}$ can be different for target and source, in Lecture 3.

Categories of TL by shift types



“Posterior drift”



“Concept drift”

§1.3: Overview of the short course

Overview of the short course

A (Selective) Introduction to the Statistical Foundations of Transfer Learning

Lecture 2: Generic Analysis of Domain Adaptation by Divergence Notions

- No target data
- Few target data + many source data
- Posterior drift
- Hardness results
- Other similarity notions beyond divergence

Lecture 4: Posterior Drift and Biased Regularization

- Biased regularization
- Extension to high-dimensional regressions
- Other applications of biased regularization
- Statistical inference
- Unsupervised multi-task learning
- Representation learning

Lecture 3: Covariate Shift

- Adaptivity to covariate shift for free?
- The reweighting method
- Approaches of density ratio estimation
- Other methods

Lecture 5: Selected Topics (coming in future)

- Adversarial contamination and outlier tasks
- Federated learning
- Differential privacy
-

Next time!

A few things

- We will mainly focus on the intuition, methodology, and simple theoretical justification. But compared to other tutorials on transfer learning and domain adaptation online, this short course is much more theoretical (that's why it concerns the “statistical foundations” of TL)
- This is a big area, and different people may view it from different perspectives. That's why we added a big “selective” to the name of the course.
- You may not be able to catch all the intuitions for now. Neither do us. **But after this short course, you should be able to read most of papers in this field, no matter they are theoretical, methodological, or applied.**

References I

- Akhauri, S., Zheng, L. Y., and Lin, M. C. (2020). Enhanced transfer learning for autonomous driving with systematic accident simulation. In *2020 IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS)*, pages 5986–5993. IEEE.
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References II

- Weiss, K., Khoshgoftaar, T. M., and Wang, D. (2016). A survey of transfer learning. *Journal of Big data*, 3(1):1–40.
- Zhuang, F., Qi, Z., Duan, K., Xi, D., Zhu, Y., Zhu, H., Xiong, H., and He, Q. (2020). A comprehensive survey on transfer learning. *Proceedings of the IEEE*, 109(1):43–76.

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